

## State COVID-19 Vaccination Plans

Last Updated – October 26, 2020

State	State Plan	Who is in Charge	Priority Sites of Immunization
Alabama	If approved Alabama's COVID-19 vaccination plan will be released to the public at a later date.	Not publicly released.	Not publicly released.
Alaska	http://dhss.alaska.gov/dph/Epi/i d/SiteAssets/Pages/HumanCoV/A laskaCOVID- 19VaccinationDraftPlan.pdf	Within the State of Alaska, the responsibility for COVID-19 vaccination planning falls primarily to DHSS as the lead entity. The Division of Public Health within DHSS is further tasked with standing up a task force and creating an organizational structure to direct these efforts. The Alaska COVID- 19 Vaccination Program Task Force was assembled to plan and coordinate our jurisdiction's COVID-19 vaccination effort. The Alaska COVID-19 Vaccination Program Task Force is jointly led by a State of Alaska Nurse Consultant and an ANTHC Nurse Immunization Coordinator and two deputy co-leads.	The provider types and settings that will administer the first available COVID-19 vaccine doses to the critical population groups will be determined based on the ACIP recommendations.
Arizona	https://www.azdhs.gov/docume nts/preparedness/epidemiology- disease-control/infectious- disease-epidemiology/novel- coronavirus/draft-covid19- vaccine-plan.pdf	ADHS partners closely with 15 county health departments and 21 federally recognized tribes, which are responsible for administering local immunization programs in their respective jurisdictions. ADHS has	Decisions regarding provider types and settings will be made once the priority groups are defined by ACIP and further prioritized by Vaccine and Antiviral Prioritization Advisory Committee and ADHS leadership.



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		developed an organizational structure based on the Public Health Incident Management System (PHIMS). The purpose of the PHIMS structure is to establish reporting relationships for public health emergency management and address staffing needs for the Department's Health Emergency	Additionally, the extreme shipping and storage requirements for the first anticipated vaccine (Scenario A) will drive decision making when determining provider types and settings.
Arkansas	https://www.scribd.com/docume nt/480388110/Arkansas-Interim- Draft-COVID-19-Vaccination-Plan	Operations Center (HEOC). The ADH is a unified or centralized health department. the ADH has formed an agency internal working group called the Pandemic Vaccination Planning Group (PVPG) as well as a formal group of internal and external stakeholders specific to the pandemic called the COVID-19 Prevention Workgroup. Each group meets weekly to discuss the latest issues related to vaccine planning and rollout	The ADH will be responsible for the allocation of COVID-19 vaccines to approved providers. The ADH will establish an internal workgroup to review provider profiles and match to Arkansas Vaccine Medical Advisory Committee recommendations, subject to review and approval by the Secretary of Health.
California	https://www.cdph.ca.gov/Progra ms/CID/DCDC/CDPH%20Docume nt%20Library/COVID-19/COVID- 19-Vaccination-Plan-California- Interim-Draft_V1.0.pdf	needs. Each of California's 58 counties and 3 cities have Public Health Departments. California Department of Public Health is leading much of the state's COVID-19 responses activities. California established the California Governor's COVID-19	During Phase 1, settings may include public health, occupational health settings, temporary/off site vaccination clinics, mobile clinics reaching critical populations, and closed POD clinics, commercial pharmacies partners reaching



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		Vaccine Task Force and also a multi-agency COVID-19 Vaccine Task Force Working Group. This team is responsible for planning and coordinating COVID-19 response activities, with CHHS input. An organizational chart is included in the plan.	people at higher risk of severe COVID-19 illness such as long- term care facilities, and hospital clinics. During Phase 2 and beyond, settings may include: Commercial and private sector partners (pharmacies, doctors' offices, clinics); Public health sites (mobile clinics, Federally Qualified Health Centers, RHCs, public health clinics, temporary/off-site clinics); Traditional and non-traditional immunization partners, such as: Large settings such as hospitals open PODs, Colleges and universities, Occupational health settings, Correctional facilities
Colorado	https://drive.google.com/file/d/1 bxacXFm3ZsdXVG9RQavew1ck5 W7D52bt/view	A multiagency Colorado Joint COVID Vaccine Planning Team was created. The Colorado Joint COVID-19 Vaccination Planning Team includes representation from more than 20 agencies across the state, and is divided into 5 Lines of Effort (Immunization and Distribution/Data Management; Critical Populations, Consequence Management, Health Equity, Public Information and Messaging) with oversight from a Steering Committee.	For Phase 1: Vaccination providers/settings may include: large hospitals and health systems, occupational health settings for large employers, critical access hospitals, rural health centers, community health centers, and LPHAs. For Phase 2 and 3, vaccination providers/settings may include: doctors' offices and other outpatient healthcare facilities, pharmacies, LPHAs, occupational health settings, organizations serving those at higher risk for



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State         Connecticut	State Plan         https://bloximages.newyork1.vip.         townnews.com/wfsb.com/conte         nt/tncms/assets/v3/editorial/f/3         5/f35204f4-0fdd-11eb-be6c-         77f67546d59f/5f89e776dec45.pd         f.pdf	Who is in Charge The Connecticut DPH is the lead agency in the COVID-19 response for the state of Connecticut. To plan for and manage the mass vaccination initiative, the DPH OPHPR has established a working group consisting of representatives of the DPH Commissioner's Office, Legal, Epidemiology, Public Information, Preparedness, Hospital Preparedness, Healthcare Acquired Infections, Healthcare Facility Licensing, and Emergency Medical Services (EMS). The State Emergency Operations Center (SEOC) may be	Priority Sites of Immunization severe illness from COVID-19, congregate settings (including correctional facilities), homeless shelters, colleges/universities, senior centers, FQHCs, RHCs and school-based health centers. Providers that will likely play a role in Phase 1 are being prioritized for enrollment in the CoVP include hospitals, local health departments and districts, pharmacies and clinics that can achieve high throughput. To further expand vaccination capacity for adults who will be vaccinated in both Phases 1 and 2, additional Connecticut providers are also being targeted for recruitment, including: hospitals, pharmacies, private medical practices (urgent care, family medicine, other specialties), LTCF, occupational
		opened to engage and coordinate with other state agencies.	health clinics, LHDDs, VNAs, corrections, military clinics, FQHCs, school based health centers, tribal nations, dialysis centers, colleges/universities, homeless shelters, group homes, hospice.
Delaware	Not publicly released.	Not publicly released.	Not publicly released.



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Florida	http://ww11.doh.state.fl.us/com	A modified Incident Command	Targeted outreach to hospitals
	m/_partners/covid19_report_arc	Structure has been established	has begun. Other providers will
	hive/vaccination-	for the Department's COVID-19	also be permitted to complete
	plan/vaccination_plan_latest.pdf	vaccination initiative that	their COVID-19 enrollment;
		includes representatives and	however, initial emphasis will be
		subject matter experts from the	placed on hospitals. Long-term
		immunizations program, public	care facilities, pharmacies and
		health preparedness,	EMS providers will also be
		epidemiology, public health	prioritized as they are also target
		nursing, emergency medical	groups in Phase 1. Once
		services (EMS), emergency	additional federal guidance is
		management, hospital and long-	received, further prioritization
		term care associations, public	decisions will be made. For Phase
		information officers and legal	2, some vaccine administration
		counsel. The Department is a	methods from Phase 1 will be
		fully integrated health	continued and new
		department with a centralized	administration sites will be added
		public health system. The	to include: state managed
		Department has taken several	vaccination sites, established
		steps to ensure coordination	vaccines for children and/or
		between these various	vaccines for adult providers,
		authorities.	hospital open PODs such as
			urgent care centers, public mass vaccination clinics.
Georgia	https://dph.georgia.gov/docume	DPH has established a COVID-19	DPH defined Tier 1 criteria.
	nt/document/covid-19-	Vaccine Core Planning and	Vaccine administration will occur
	vaccination-plan-	Coordination Team. This team	through closed POD sites,
	georgia/download	will be responsible for the annual	including, but not limited to,
		review of state plans, updating	public health clinics, hospitals,
		plans during an active response,	long term care facilities (LTCs),
		and distributing updated plans to	emergency medical services
		partners and stakeholders. Public	(EMS), etc. Phase 2 providers
		Health Districts have developed	may include healthcare settings



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		plans to utilize Points of	(physician offices, clinics, etc.),
		Distribution for Medical	retail pharmacies, public health
		Countermeasures and	community clinics, mobile clinics,
		Administration and Medical	FQHCs, and other community
		Material Management and	settings.
		Distribution. Public Health	
		districts are to utilize Points of	
		Distribution (PODs) as Mass	
		Vaccination Clinics (MVCs) for the	
		SARS-CoV2 (COVID-19) mass	
		vaccination campaigns.	
Hawaii	Hawaii officials submitted the	Not publicly released.	Not publicly released.
	COVID-19 vaccination plan to the		
	Centers for Disease Control and		
	Prevention, but refused to		
	publicly share the document.		
Idaho	https://coronavirus.idaho.gov/w	The two organizations	Phase 1 – Public Health Districts;
	<u>p-</u>	leading the vaccination planning	Hospitals/Critical Care;
	content/uploads/2020/10/Idaho	and implementation are the	FQHC/CHC; Pharmacies; Tribal
	COVID-19-Interim-Vaccination-	Idaho Department of Health and	Health; Occupational Health;
	Plan-V2-10-19-2020.pdf	Welfare (DHW) and the Idaho	Large Healthcare Systems
		Office of Emergency (IOEM). The	
		public health governance	Phase 2 – Pharmacies;
		structure in Idaho is both	Correctional Facilities; Urgent
		centralized and decentralized.	Care Clinics; Internal Medicine;
		Much of the legal authority in	Family Medicine
		public health matters is held at	
		the state level in DHW. There are,	Phase 3 – Pediatric Providers;
		however, several authorities and	Interested Vaccinators
		responsibilities that are	
		delegated to local public health	
		districts.	



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Illinois	http://www.dph.illinois.gov/sites /default/files/COVID19/10.16.20 %20Mass%20Vaccination%20Pla nning.pdf	The Guide is a product of the COVID-19 Mass Vaccination Planning Work Group. The COVID19 Mass Vaccination Planning Work Group is composed of representatives of the various state stakeholder agencies with roles in public health emergency responses and those that serve organizations and individuals in the priority groups targeted for COVID-19 vaccine administration. See page 25 for a list of state and local agencies and organizations involved on the COVID-19 Mass Vaccination Planning Work Group.	Public health departments should coordinate with their health care coalition, emergency management, and other response partners to develop a list of entities serving the priority groups, determine their capabilities to serve as sites for vaccine administration, i.e. closed PODs, or develop plans for the local health department to service these groups at a general POD designed for these groups.
Indiana	https://www.coronavirus.in.gov/f iles/Indiana%20COVID- 19%20Vaccination%20Plan_%20I nterim%20Draft.pdf	To implement an effective, equitable, and representative COVID-19 vaccine strategy, IDOH has leveraged existing partnerships within the agency, state and local governments, healthcare, minority groups, private industry, and higher education. These partners are represented within the internal and external implementation committees. The State of Indiana, in conjunction with multiple agencies, has created Homeland Security and Public Health	Indiana has a robust pool of vaccinators including primary care physicians, pharmacists, and local health departments. Currently, 743 providers are enrolled in the Indiana Vaccines for Children (VFC) Program who are actively vaccinating and recording vaccination administration data in CHIRP. This includes private providers, local health, pharmacies, and healthcare/hospital locations. The IDOH will work with providers who have a history of



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lowa	https://idph.iowa.gov/Portals/1/ userfiles/61/covid19/vaccine/V1 2%20Iowa%20COVID- 19%20Vaccination%20Strategy% 20Draft%20with%20Appendices %2010_16_20.pdf	Preparedness Districts. The district organization and planning concept is comprised of multiple jurisdictions, disciplines, and agencies. The Iowa Department of Public Health (IDPH) is the lead state department in developing the strategy for COVID-19 vaccination distribution. IDPH is composed of the Director's Office plus five divisions, four boards, and the Office of the State Medical Examiner. IDPH has convened an internal COVID-19 Vaccine Planning team.	vaccinating a large percentage of vulnerable populations to ensure that these providers to continue to provide services and build upon existing relationships. For Phase 1, local public health agencies will be responsible for the allocation of COVID-19 vaccine to local healthcare providers and other organizations such as pharmacies. Local public health agencies are preparing for the following types of vaccination clinics in Phase 2: Appointment clinics; Direct collaboration with pharmacies; Community clinics; Corrections (jails, prisons or other transitional correctional facilities); Drive through settings as used annually for influenza vaccine; Home visits; Mass clinics; Private/Closed clinics by employers
Kansas	https://www.coronavirus.kdheks. gov/DocumentCenter/View/1533 /DRAFT-COVID-19-Vaccination- Plan-for-Kansas-Version11- 10162020	The Kansas Department of Health and Environment (KDHE) has an internal COVID-19 Vaccine Planning Committee that consists of multiple stakeholders from within and outside the Agency. In Kansas, the public health system is decentralized and KDHE serves all 105 counties of the state. The	During Phase 1, COVID-19 vaccine provider recruitment and enrollment efforts will be targeted at hospitals and local health departments across the state, including those that are in rural areas. Enrollment of hospitals and local health departments will be prioritized



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		local health departments report to their local Board of Health, which is typically the local Board of County Commissions. There must be collaboration, cooperation, and coordination of both KDHE and the local health departments in the development and implementation of the COVID-19 Vaccine Plan for Kansas. As such, local health departments are represented on the internal COVID-19 vaccine planning committee.	based on those that can provide a significant number of vaccinations to the target populations that have been identified. During Phase 2, enrollment of traditional and non-traditional partners will be the focus. Safety net providers (i.e., Federally Qualified Health Centers, Rural Health Clinics, etc.), pharmacies, long term facilities, and other local healthcare providers will be targeted. Enrollment will be prioritized based on those that can provide a significant number of vaccinations to the target populations identified for this phase. During Phase 3, all other healthcare providers that would like to enroll and can meet the requirements will be added as requested. Enrollment of these providers will occur on a first come first served basis.
Kentucky	https://chfs.ky.gov/agencies/dph /covid19/InitialDraftKentuckyVac cinationPlan.pdf	Kentucky's vaccination planning is a combined state and local responsibility that requires close collaboration between KDPH, Local Health Departments (LHDs) external agencies, and community partners. Kentucky public health has a "shared	The vaccine will be distributed and administered via multiple pathways such as hospitals, medical offices, clinics, local health departments, pharmacies, and other locations. KDPH currently anticipates that independent and community



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		governance" health structure within which both KDPH and LHDs will play a key role ensuring a successful COVID-19 vaccination campaign. KDPH also stood up a COVID-19 Vaccination Planning Team.	pharmacies will be a major partner in providing vaccine to those targeted underserved areas.
Louisiana	Not publicly released.	Not publicly released.	Not publicly released.
Maine	https://www.maine.gov/dhhs/m ecdc/infectious- disease/immunization/document s/covid-19-vaccination-plan- maine-interim-draft.pdf	The Maine Center for Disease Control and Prevention (Maine CDC) serves as the State's public health agency. Its work on a COVID-19 vaccine plan and implementation is being supported by the Maine Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS) and other key Departments such as Education and Corrections. Governor Mills and her leadership team will make key policy and operational decisions.	Maine anticipates enrolling all 37 Maine hospitals as COVID-19 Vaccine Provider sites as a priority for Phase 1. Long-term care facilities will also be prioritized for Phase 1 vaccination efforts. Pharmacy sites will be used as a mechanism to reach long-term care facilities unable to meet the COVID-19 enrollment requirements during Phase 1 and the general public for subsequent phases. Vaccination settings in Phase 1 will likely include closed PODs in the healthcare settings for highest priority healthcare workers, closed PODs and/or strike teams at long term care facilities and closed PODs/ strike teams for highest priority critical infrastructure. Occupational health settings for large employers and FQHCs are



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			planned for Phase 2. Urgent Care Clinics are also planned for enrollment.
Maryland	https://phpa.health.maryland.go v/Documents/10.19.2020_Maryl and COVID- 19_Vaccination_Plan_CDCwm.pd f	The MDH Center for Immunization (CFI) will lead the operational aspects of the plan implementation and the MDH Office of Preparedness and Response (OP&R) will assume planning and coordination and logistical responsibilities, with other MDH programs and agencies, including MEMA, MIEMSS, MSP and others, taking on roles and responsibilities as the operational needs evolve.	MDH is currently recruiting and enrolling healthcare providers (HCPs), local health departments (LHDs), employee occupational health and pharmacists in Maryland's Vaccine Program Immunization Information System (ImmuNet) to ensure that there will be sufficient vaccinators throughout the state. Providers in rural areas, hospital settings, occupational health for essential employees, and those who provide care for seniors will be heavily recruited in order to serve those respective populations.
Massachusetts	https://www.mass.gov/doc/mass achusetts-interim-draft- plan/download	Massachusetts has a decentralized public health system, with each of its 351 cities and towns having its own governing body and health board with authority to provide public health services to its residents. The Bureau of Infectious Disease and Laboratory Sciences (BIDLS) Immunization Division is the lead for COVID-19 vaccination planning, distribution, and	The first available doses will be made available to hospitals, long- term care (LTC), Community Health Centers (CHC), and adult primary care provider sites. MDPH is developing engagement strategies with key partners in support of the vaccination strategy for critical populations. Key partners include, but are not limited to: Community-based organizations; Community health



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		implementation efforts hereinafter referred to as Massachusetts COVID-19 Vaccination Program (MCVP). A COVID-19 Vaccine Advisory Group has also been established comprised of medical professionals, public health experts, elected officials, community leaders and infectious disease specialists.	centers; Correctional facilities; Councils on Aging; Shelters serving vulnerable populations; Local education authorities; 24/7 congregate care settings; Higher education institutions; Long term care facilities; Acute Care Hospitals; Meals programs; Pharmacies; Substance use disorder treatment programs; Mental and Behavioral Health treatment programs; Urgent care clinics
Michigan	https://www.michigan.gov/docu ments/coronavirus/COVID- 19_Vaccination_Plan_for_Michig an_InterimDraft10162020_70559 8_7.pdf	The Division of Immunization is one of 4 Divisions within the Bureau of Infection Disease Prevention but temporarily reporting to the State Epidemiologist within the Bureau of Epidemiology and Population Health. Each of these Bureaus report to the Chief Deputy for Health/State Chief Medical Executive. The Immunization Division works closely with the Communicable Disease Division and partner on outbreak control activities. The Division of Immunization has two sections: The Outreach and Education Section and the Assessment and Local Support Section.	Phase 1 Provider COVID Registration will be tiered across several weeks and broader than those who will be part of Phase 1 Vaccine Distribution. Registration announcements have been sent to Local Health Departments, Hospitals including Michigan's State Hospitals. This will be followed with outreach to Long Term Care Facilities, and then Pharmacies. Remaining Provider COVID Registration (Phase 2 and Phase 3) - Following the registration of Phase 1 providers, recruitment for remaining providers will be made via the MDHHS Health Alert Network, through provider associations MDHHS Health Alert Network



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			and through provider associations (example: Michigan State Medical Society, Michigan Pharmacy Association, Long Term Care Facility organizations, others) and to existing registered MCIR providers including VFC providers. Non-traditional vaccine providers and clinic sites will be assessed to determine vaccine administration capacity. This may include COVID-19 testing sites, school-based health centers (some health centers remain open even though the school is doing virtual learning), urgent cares, etc.
Minnesota	Executive Summary Draft released <u>https://www.health.state.mn.us/</u> <u>diseases/coronavirus/vaxplansu</u> <u>mm.pdf</u>	Not detailed.	Minnesota Department of Health website houses a survey that providers can complete to indicate their interest in enrolling in the COVID-19 vaccine program. Data from the survey will be used to prioritize which providers to engage first. Minnesota will use layered mapping techniques to ensure that there is a good geographic match between priority populations and enrolled providers receiving initial doses of vaccine.



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Mississippi	Not publicly released.	Not publicly released.	Not publicly released.
Missouri	https://health.mo.gov/living/heal	The Missouri Department of	Once the details of initial vaccine
	thcondiseases/communicable/no	Health and Senior Services	receipt are known (vaccine type,
	vel-coronavirus/pdf/mo-covid-	(DHSS) charged Bureau of	potential arrival date, number of
	<u>19-vax-plan.pdf</u>	Immunizations Chief Jennifer	doses, etc.), the SIT will use the
		VanBooven, MPH, MA, to	population sequencing tiers in
		develop a statewide vaccination	Section 4 and the notification
		plan. DHSS established the	details to determine initial
		Missouri Interagency COVID-19	delivery sites. For Phase 1,
		Vaccination Planning Team. The	Missouri plans to collaborate
		majority of the efforts have been	with healthcare systems,
		transitioned from initial planning	pharmacies, and community
		to implementation. The State	partners to vaccinate long-term
		Implementation Team (SIT). SIT is	care facility staff and other
		responsible for overseeing and	healthcare workers. During Phase
		implementing the effective	3, the intention is federally
		deployment of Missouri's COVID-	qualified health centers, rural
		19 vaccination plan and providing	health clinics, private providers,
		critical services, such as IT	and pharmacies take on the
		support, vaccine distribution	majority of the vaccination effort
		planning, and sharing of best	for most adults in their areas.
		practices between Regional	
		Implementation Teams (RIT).	
Montana	https://dphhs.mt.gov/Portals/85/	The State of Montana's plan	The Immunization Program is
	Documents/Coronavirus/Montan	recognizes the importance of this	obtaining primary contacts and
	aCOVID-	collaborative response and is	emails for all potential Phase 1
	19VaccinationPlanInterimDRAFT.	establishing two key advisory	COVID19 vaccine providers
	pdf	groups that will guide the	identified as having the ability to
		effective vaccination effort. The	reach Phase 1 critical
		operational hub of this effort will	populations. The Immunization
		be located in DPHHS's	Program will prioritize processing
		Immunization Section in the	Phase 1 enrollments initially and



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		Communicable Disease Control	progress to providers in other
		and Prevention Bureau (CDCPB),	phases as the vaccination effort
		which has historically been the	develops.
		operational center of other major	
		immunization and communicable	
		disease responses in the state.	
Nebraska	Not publicly released.	Not publicly released.	Not publicly released.
Nevada	The state's plan has been	Not publicly released.	Not publicly released.
	submitted to the CDC for review		
	and will be released once		
	approved.		
New Hampshire	Not publicly released.	Not publicly released.	Not publicly released.
New Jersey	Not publicly released.	Not publicly released.	Not publicly released.
New Mexico	Not publicly released.	Not publicly released.	Not publicly released.
New York	https://www.governor.ny.gov/sit	Management of New York's	Phase 1 will consist of a limited
	es/governor.ny.gov/files/atoms/f	vaccination program will require	supply of COVID-19 vaccine doses
	iles/NYS_COVID_Vaccination_Pro	a Vaccine Central Command	available. Vaccines distribution
	gram_Book_10.16.20_FINAL.pdf	Center (VC3) to oversee all	will be tightly controlled and
		aspects of vaccine delivery,	focused on vaccinating identified
		administration, and other	priority population(s) such as
		operational aspects of the	health care workers in workplace
		program. Once New York's	settings such as healthcare
		independent Clinical Advisory	facilities. Phase 2 will consist of a
		Task Force has advised that a	growing number of vaccine doses
		COVID-19 vaccine is safe and	available. Vaccine supply will
		effective, the vaccine will be	likely be sufficient to meet
		distributed and administered	demands beyond the initial
		throughout New York State. To	priority population(s) and will be
		help guide this process, on	administered to individuals in
		September 24 the Governor	broader settings such as doctor's
		established a Vaccine	offices, retail pharmacies, public
		Distribution and Implementation	health clinics, etc. Phase 3 will



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		Task Force to advise the set up	consist of a sufficient and/or
		and operation of the state's	excess supply of vaccine doses
		COVID-19 vaccination program.	for the entire population.
			Vaccines will be administered in
			all appropriate settings.
North Carolina	https://files.nc.gov/covid/docum	The North Carolina DHHS	North Carolina will prioritize early
	ents/NC-COVID-19-Vaccine-Plan-	Vaccination Planning Team is	outreach, recruitment and
	with-Executive-Summary.pdf	responsible for the development	enrollment of key providers and
		of this plan and annexes.	agencies who serve populations
			with high risk of clinical severity
			and high risk of exposure. The
			Advisory Committee will help to
			identify and engage those
			providers. Enrollment is already
			underway with local health
			departments, hospitals and
			health systems. Relevant
			stakeholders include hospitals,
			SNFs, adult care homes, assisted
			living, group homes,
			intermediate care facilities,
			primary and specialty care
			providers, urgent care clinics,
			travel clinics, etc. List on page 20.
North Dakota	https://www.health.nd.gov/sites	COVID-19 vaccination planning	Potential providers to recruit for
	/www/files/documents/COVID%	falls under the planning section	vaccination include: Hospitals;
	20Vaccine%20Page/Covid-	of the Unified Command. After	Clinics, including rural health
	19%20Mass%20Vaccination%20P	approved, most aspects of this	clinic and federally qualified
	lan.pdf	plan fall under the Operations	health centers; LPH departments;
		Section, within the Disease	Pharmacies; LTCs; Correctional
		Control Branch in the Mass	facilities; Group Homes;
		Immunization Group. Molly	University health centers;
		Howell, immunization director	Occupational health; Emergency



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Ohio	https://www.scribd.com/docume nt/480862525/Ohio-COVID-19- Vaccination-Draft-Plan-Final- DRAFT#from_embed	for the North Dakota Department of Health (NDDoH), is the lead for the Mass Immunization Group. The state warehouse falls under Logistics. The Joint Information System will be responsible for all communications. See Appendix B for the ND Unified Command Organizational Chart. Governor DeWine assembled a Pandemic Response and Recovery Leadership Team led by Adjutant General John C. Harris and Interim Director of the Department of Health, Lance Himes who, in turn, report to the Governor's Office. Within this Pandemic Response Leadership Team, there is a dedicated organizational structure for vaccine readiness activities.	Medical Services; Mass vaccinators; Dialysis Centers; Indian Health Services (IHS) and/or tribal health. Provider types are predetermined per federal guidance. Providers and settings will be determined and enrolled based on their eligibility and ability to safely and effectively administer the COVID-19 vaccine. This approach will take provider characteristics into account as they relate to location, throughput, storage and handling capabilities, and access to vulnerable populations.
Oklahoma	The plan is classified.	Not publicly released.	Not publicly released.
Oregon	https://www.oregon.gov/oha/co vid19/Documents/COVID-19- Vaccination-Plan-Oregon.pdf	The Oregon Immunization Program, the Health Security Preparedness and Response program, and Acute and Communicable Disease Prevention programs comprise much of the Vaccine Planning Unit Functional Organization chart. The Oregon Immunization	The Oregon Immunization Program in the process of developing an online enrollment system that will capture the data defined in the CDC COVID-19 Provider Agreement forms. Providers will enroll with OR ALERT IIS first, then enroll to become a COVID-19 vaccine



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State	State Plan	Program (OIP), part of the OHA Public Health Division's Center for Public Health Practice (CPHP), works to reduce the incidence of vaccine-preventable disease in Oregon. The COVID-19 Response and Recovery Unit (CRRU) is a temporary division combining the expertise of two state agencies – the health knowledge of the Oregon Health Authority (OHA) and the social service delivery of the Oregon Department of Human Services (ODHS). The Health Security, Preparedness and Response program (HSPR) is working in conjunction with the Vaccine Planning Unit by	Priority Sites of Immunization provider. Each application will be reviewed and prioritized for enrollment according to the provider's ability to reach target populations.
		providing subject matter expertise in the areas of medical countermeasures, preparedness exercises, response, medical surge, and risk communications.	
Pennsylvania	Not publicly released.	Not publicly released.	Not publicly released.
Rhode Island	https://www.wpri.com/wp- content/uploads/sites/23/2020/1 0/RI-COVID-19-Vaccination-Plan- Interim-Draft.10.16.2020.pdf	Rhode Island is currently engaged in a whole-of-government response to COVID-19 in the state. Response elements are organized by function, and coordination is largely managed	All licensed healthcare providers authorized to administer vaccine are eligible for enrollment in Rhode Island's State-Supplied Vaccine (SSV) program to access both child and adult routine
		by the Rhode Island Governor's Office, in close partnership with	vaccines, with the exception of shingles vaccine. RIDOH's



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		the Rhode Island Department of Health and Rhode Island National Guard.	Immunization Program is currently working to enroll additional providers, particularly those who serve critical population groups (e.g., primary and specialty care providers whose patients are over the age of 65).
South Carolina	https://scdhec.gov/covid19/covi d-19-vaccination	<ul> <li>the State has established a Unified Command Group (UCG)</li> <li>to coordinate and unify response functions (Planning, Operations, Logistics, and Finance). The Unified Command Group will</li> <li>consist of the following: <ul> <li>Director, SC Department of Health and Environmental Control (DHEC)</li> <li>Director, SC Emergency Management Division (SCEMD)</li> <li>The Adjutant General</li> <li>The SC State Epidemiologist</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	South Carolina is looking at recruiting the following entities to become an enrolled COVID-19 Vaccine Provider: In-patient healthcare facilities; Outpatient healthcare facilities (bases on new guidance); Long Term Care Facilities (LTCFs) to include nursing homes, assisted living, independent living, and skilled nursing facilities; Critical infrastructure employers. Recently, South Carolina surveyed statewide healthcare providers to engage interest in providing COVID-19 vaccines. Of the 387 providers responding to the survey, 310 providers (or 80.1%) indicated an interest in participating in the vaccination program. These providers represent: Commercial vaccination service provider; Correction/detention health services; Community Health



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			Centers (non-federally qualified health center, non-rural health clinic); Hospitals; LTCF: Community Residential Care (CRC); LTCF: Nursing Care Facility/Nursing Home (NCF); Medical Practices including family medicine, OB/GYN, pediatrics, and specialty; Pharmacies including chain and independent; Public Health Providers including federally qualified health centers and public health clinics; Occupational Health Centers; Student Health Centers; Urgent Care Centers.
South Dakota	Not publicly released.	Not publicly released.	Not publicly released.
Tennessee	https://www.tn.gov/content/da m/tn/health/documents/cedep/n ovel-coronavirus/COVID- 19 Vaccination Plan.pdf	The Tennessee Department of Health is led by Dr. Lisa Piercey, Commissioner of Health, who reports directly to Governor Bill Lee. The TDH Executive Leadership Team consists of the Chief of Staff, the State Chief Medical Officer, Deputy Commissioner for Population Health, and the Deputy Commissioner for Operations.	VPDIP's first priority is to enroll hospitals with emergency departments and intensive care units that would see the highest acuity patients. Enrollment will then expand to include all hospitals in the state, so that they may provide vaccine to qualifying staff. Our next priority is to ensure all health departments have completed the PA and are ready to receive vaccines, and then we will focus on pharmacies, especially those



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			in rural areas that do not have hospitals or other opportunities to access vaccines outside of the health departments. Once hospitals and pharmacies are onboarded, we will begin focusing on large employers, urgent care clinics, and community providers that will be able to reach additional individuals within these priority populations.
Texas	https://www.kxan.com/wp- content/uploads/sites/40/2020/1 0/Texas-Vaccine-Plan-10-16- 2020-DRAFT-CDC-Submission.pdf	The Texas Department of State Health Services (DSHS) will utilize an internal COVID-19 vaccine planning and coordination team gathered from across the agency, including the Immunization Program. This team will be composed of executive staff, existing immunizations staff, other DSHS staff temporarily assigned to immunizations, and temporary/contract employees. Please see Appendix 1 for COVID- 19 Organizational Chart.	Texas will prioritize enrollment activities for vaccination providers and settings who will administer COVID-19 vaccine to vulnerable and frontline populations of focus for Phase 1, and considering those who live in remote, rural areas and who may have difficulty accessing vaccination services. Allocations will be equitable among geography and facility types. Simultaneously, Texas will develop operational procedures for any temporary or mobile clinics planned for Phase 2. During Phase 2, Texas expects to administer vaccine through: Commercial and private sector partners (pharmacies, doctors' offices, clinics); Public health



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			sites (mobile clinics, Federally Qualified Health Centers [FQHCs], RHCs, public health clinics, temporary/off-site clinics); Specialized vaccine teams to target areas with limited access in coordination with local and regional leadership.
Utah	Not publicly released.	Not publicly released.	Not publicly released.
Vermont	https://www.healthvermont.gov/ sites/default/files/documents/pd f/Vermont%20Jurisdictional%20C OVID- 19%20Vaccination%20Plan_Interi m%20Draft.10.21.2020.pdf	The VDH is a centralized public health organization that operates as the only governmental public health organization in the State of Vermont. The leaders for each of the 12 Local Health Offices participate in monthly expanded team meetings and are actively involved in the work of the currently activated Health Operations Center. In addition, the State Emergency Operations Center coordinates all other state level assistance to be provided during this effort including logistical needs such as transport, security, storage, procurement, personnel to support the work of the Health Department, and are a direct link to the Emergency Management Directors in each city/town. Emergency managers in each town will have input into	Vermont will prioritize enrollment in the following order to reach the critical population groups first: Hospitals; Vermont Department of Health; Pharmacies; Long Term Care Facilities; Primary Care Practices; VNA and Home Health Agencies; Vermont Department of Corrections (if indicated)



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		planning. Also, a COVID-19	
		Vaccine Implementation Advisory	
		Committee is being formed	
		which will include wide	
		representation from the Crisis	
		Standards of Care Group and	
		those who serve populations at	
		greatest risk for COVID-19.	
Virginia	https://www.vdh.virginia.gov/co	The Virginia Department of	Types of provider groups that will
	ntent/uploads/sites/11/2020/10/	Health consists of 33 local health	be targeted include, but are not
	DRAFT-Virginia-COVID-19-	districts, with each health district	limited to: Large hospitals and
	Vaccine-Campaign-Plan-Version-	supporting one or more local	health systems; Commercial
	<u>1.1.pdf</u>	jurisdictions. These local health	partners* (e.g., pharmacies);
		districts report to the State	Long Term Care Facilities;
		Health Commissioner through	Correctional Facilities; Mobile
		the Deputy Commissioner for	vaccination providers;
		Community Health Services.	Occupational health settings for
		Additionally, there are two health	large employers; Community
		districts (Fairfax and Arlington)	Health Centers (including
		that are locally funded and	Federally Qualified Health
		operated, and not part of VDH.	Centers and Rural Health
		Virginia's local health districts	Centers); Free-Standing
		work closely with the localities	Emergency Departments and
		that they support and include	Walk-in Clinics; Doctor's Offices;
		local health departments for	College and University Student
		those jurisdictions. For	Health Clinics; Specialty clinics,
		preparedness and response	including dialysis centers;
		purposes, the VDH has further	Emergency Medical Services
		organized the 35 health districts	(EMS) Medical Directors; In-
		into five regions. Each region has	home care providers
		a regional team consisting of an	
		Emergency Coordinator, an	



State	State Plan	Who is in Charge	Priority Sites of Immunization
		Epidemiologist, and a Public Information Officer	
Washington	https://www.doh.wa.gov/Portals /1/Documents/1600/coronavirus /WA-COVID-19-Vaccination- Plan.pdf	The Washington State Department of Health has established an internal COVID-19 Vaccine Planning and Coordination Team within the state's COVID-19 response structure, which is guided by the State Health Officer, Secretary of Health, and Deputy Secretary for COVID-19 Response. This team is under the direction of the Deputy Secretary for COVID-19 Response, and includes representatives from across the agency	The provider types and settings that will administer first available COVID-19 vaccine will be highthroughput locations where those groups recommended for vaccination can receive the vaccine. This is anticipated to be large health care facilities and/or mass vaccination points of dispensing (PODs) and reach health care workers, first responders, essential workers, and adult residential care facilities for the first available vaccine doses. Using the allocation framework in Section 4, the department is engaging providers through surveys, workgroups, and meetings, including consultation or collaboration with the Washington State Hospital Association (WSHA), health care coalitions, health care worker and employee labor unions, the Washington State Pharmacy Association, the Washington State Medical Association (WSMA), long-term care facilities,



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			Washington State Vaccine Science Advisory Workgroup, the Vaccine Advisory Committee, tribal nations and organizations, and local governments.
West Virginia	https://dhhr.wv.gov/COVID- 19/Documents/vaccineplan.pdf	e. The West Virginia Department of Health and Human Resources (WVDHHR) has developed the West Virginia COVID-19 Vaccination Program plan. In accordance with the WV Public Health All Hazards Threat Response Plan, an incident command system, known as WVDHHR Health Command, has been established for mobilization of the WVDHHR's COVID-19 response. In addition, several working groups have been established to support the planning of robust COVID-19 Vaccination Program.	Current recruitment efforts are focused on engaging vaccination providers that will be administering the COVID-19 Vaccine during Phase 1. These are the agencies that are best positioned to vaccinate the healthcare and critical workforce rapidly and efficiently and will include: Health systems/Hospitals; Local Health Departments; Long-term care facilities; Free clinics; Federally Qualified Health Centers; Pharmacies. If a specific need or location is identified to support the direct immunization of a specific critical population additional sites may be recruited from the list: Pharmacies; Outpatient facilities; Occupational Health Clinics; Long-term care facilities; School based health clinics; Private provider offices; Congregate settings; Colleges and Universities



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Wisconsin	Not publicly released.	Not publicly released.	Not publicly released.
Wyoming	https://health.wyo.gov/wp-	The WDH has four operating	Most pharmacies associated or
	content/uploads/2020/10/Interi	divisions: Aging, Behavioral	connected to national chains will
	m-Draft-WDH-COVID-19-	Health, Health Care Financing,	receive COVID-19 vaccine
	Vaccination-Plan10-16-20.pdf	and Public Health. The Public	allocations directly from CDC
		Health Division (PHD) has	when vaccine doses increase. CVS
		primary responsibility for	and Walgreens have also been
		coordinating development of the	contracted through the CDC to
		Wyoming COVID-19 Vaccination	provide vaccinations to residents
		Plan. The Immunization Unit	of long-term care and assisted
		(Unit), located within the PHD, is	living facilities. Chain pharmacies
		responsible for routine	and independent pharmacies
		distribution of all publicly-	could also be identified as early
		purchased vaccines in Wyoming	vaccine providers by PHNOs and
		to providers enrolled in the	CHDs. National chain pharmacies
		Public Vaccine Programs. In	will likely receive shipments
		addition, an internal COVID-19	directly from nationally
		Vaccination Team has been	contracted vaccine depots or
		assembled to develop the WDH	distributors in Phase 2. As
		COVID-19 Vaccination Plan.	vaccine doses increase,
			pharmacies will be valuable in
			assisting with vaccination of the
			general public. During Phase 3
			vaccines will be available to all
			people who are recommended to
			be vaccinated. Vaccine will be
			available to all enrolled COVID-19
			vaccination providers and
			ordering will be based on
			provider capacity and need.