

State COVID-19 Vaccination Plans

Last Updated – November 2, 2020

State	State Plan	Who is in Charge	Priority Sites of Immunization
Alabama	If approved Alabama's COVID-19	Not publicly released.	Not publicly released.
	vaccination plan will be released		
Al. I	to the public at a later date.	And the state of Alexander the	The second section
Alaska	http://dhss.alaska.gov/dph/Epi/i	Within the State of Alaska, the	The provider types and settings
	d/SiteAssets/Pages/HumanCoV/A	responsibility for COVID-19	that will administer the first
	laskaCOVID-	vaccination planning falls	available COVID-19 vaccine doses
	19VaccinationDraftPlan.pdf	primarily to DHSS as the lead	to the critical population groups will be determined based on the
		entity. The Division of Public Health within DHSS is further	
			ACIP recommendations.
		tasked with standing up a task force and creating an	
		organizational structure to direct	
		these efforts. The Alaska COVID-	
		19 Vaccination Program Task	
		Force was assembled to plan and	
		coordinate our jurisdiction's	
		COVID-19 vaccination effort. The	
		Alaska COVID-19 Vaccination	
		Program Task Force is jointly led	
		by a State of Alaska Nurse	
		Consultant and an ANTHC Nurse	
		Immunization Coordinator and	
		two deputy co-leads.	
Arizona	https://www.azdhs.gov/docume	ADHS partners closely with 15	Decisions regarding provider
	nts/preparedness/epidemiology-	county health departments and	types and settings will be made
	disease-control/infectious-	21 federally recognized tribes,	once the priority groups are
	disease-epidemiology/novel-	which are responsible for	defined by ACIP and further
	coronavirus/draft-covid19-	administering local immunization	prioritized by Vaccine and
	vaccine-plan.pdf	programs in their respective	Antiviral Prioritization Advisory
		jurisdictions. ADHS has	Committee and ADHS leadership.



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		developed an organizational	Additionally, the extreme
		structure based on the Public	shipping and storage
		Health Incident Management	requirements for the first
		System (PHIMS). The purpose of	anticipated vaccine (Scenario A)
		the PHIMS structure is to	will drive decision making when
		establish reporting relationships	determining provider types and
		for public health emergency	settings.
		management and address	
		staffing needs for the	
		Department's Health Emergency	
-		Operations Center (HEOC).	
Arkansas	https://www.scribd.com/docume	The ADH is a unified or	The ADH will be responsible for
	nt/480388110/Arkansas-Interim-	centralized health department.	the allocation of COVID-19
	<u>Draft-COVID-19-Vaccination-Plan</u>	the ADH has formed an agency	vaccines to approved providers.
		internal working group called the	The ADH will establish an internal
		Pandemic Vaccination Planning	workgroup to review provider
		Group (PVPG) as well as a formal	profiles and match to Arkansas
		group of internal and external	Vaccine Medical Advisory
		stakeholders specific to the	Committee recommendations,
		pandemic called the COVID-19	subject to review and approval
		Prevention Workgroup. Each	by the Secretary of Health.
		group meets weekly to discuss	
		the latest issues related to	
		vaccine planning and rollout	
		needs.	
California	https://www.cdph.ca.gov/Progra	Each of California's 58 counties	During Phase 1, settings may
	ms/CID/DCDC/CDPH%20Docume	and 3 cities have Public Health	include public health,
	nt%20Library/COVID-19/COVID-	Departments. California	occupational health settings,
	19-Vaccination-Plan-California-	Department of Public Health is	temporary/off site vaccination
	Interim-Draft_V1.0.pdf	leading much of the state's	clinics, mobile clinics reaching
		COVID-19 responses activities.	critical populations, and closed
		California established the	POD clinics, commercial
		California Governor's COVID-19	pharmacies partners reaching



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		Vaccine Task Force and also a	people at higher risk of severe
		multi-agency COVID-19 Vaccine	COVID-19 illness such as long-
		Task Force Working Group. This	term care facilities, and hospital
		team is responsible for planning	clinics. During Phase 2 and
		and coordinating COVID-19	beyond, settings may include:
		response activities, with CHHS	Commercial and private sector
		input. An organizational chart is	partners (pharmacies, doctors'
		included in the plan.	offices, clinics); Public health
			sites (mobile clinics, Federally
			Qualified Health Centers, RHCs,
			public health clinics,
			temporary/off-site clinics);
			Traditional and non-traditional
			immunization partners, such as:
			Large settings such as hospitals
			open PODs, Colleges and
			universities, Occupational health
			settings, Correctional facilities
Colorado	https://drive.google.com/file/d/1	A multiagency Colorado Joint	For Phase 1: Vaccination
	bxacXFm3ZsdXVG9RQavew1ck5	COVID Vaccine Planning Team	providers/settings may include:
	W7D52bt/view	was created. The Colorado Joint	large hospitals and health
		COVID-19 Vaccination Planning	systems, occupational health
		Team includes representation	settings for large employers,
		from more than 20 agencies	critical access hospitals, rural
		across the state, and is divided	health centers, community
		into 5 Lines of Effort	health centers, and LPHAs. For
		(Immunization and	Phase 2 and 3, vaccination
		Distribution/Data Management;	providers/settings may include:
		Critical Populations,	doctors' offices and other
		Consequence Management,	outpatient healthcare facilities,
		Health Equity, Public Information	pharmacies, LPHAs, occupational
		and Messaging) with oversight	health settings, organizations
		from a Steering Committee.	serving those at higher risk for



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			severe illness from COVID-19,
			congregate settings (including
			correctional facilities), homeless
			shelters, colleges/universities,
			senior centers, FQHCs, RHCs and
			school-based health centers.
Connecticut	https://bloximages.newyork1.vip.	The Connecticut DPH is the lead	Providers that will likely play a
	townnews.com/wfsb.com/conte	agency in the COVID-19 response	role in Phase 1 are being
	nt/tncms/assets/v3/editorial/f/3	for the state of Connecticut. To	prioritized for enrollment in the
	5/f35204f4-0fdd-11eb-be6c-	plan for and manage the mass	CoVP include hospitals, local
	77f67546d59f/5f89e776dec45.pd	vaccination initiative, the DPH	health departments and districts,
	<u>f.pdf</u>	OPHPR has established a working	pharmacies and clinics that can
		group consisting of	achieve high throughput. To
		representatives of the DPH	further expand vaccination
		Commissioner's Office, Legal,	capacity for adults who will be
		Epidemiology, Public	vaccinated in both Phases 1 and
		Information, Preparedness,	2, additional Connecticut
		Hospital Preparedness,	providers are also being targeted
		Healthcare Acquired Infections,	for recruitment, including:
		Healthcare Facility Licensing, and	hospitals, pharmacies, private
		Emergency Medical Services	medical practices (urgent care,
		(EMS). The State Emergency	family medicine, other
		Operations Center (SEOC) may be	specialties), LTCF, occupational
		opened to engage and	health clinics, LHDDs, VNAs,
		coordinate with other state	corrections, military clinics,
		agencies.	FQHCs, school based health
			centers, tribal nations, dialysis
			centers, colleges/universities,
			homeless shelters, group homes,
			hospice.
Delaware	Not publicly released.	Not publicly released.	Not publicly released.



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Florida	http://ww11.doh.state.fl.us/comm/partners/covid19_report_archive/vaccination-plan/vaccination_plan latest.pdf	A modified Incident Command Structure has been established for the Department's COVID-19 vaccination initiative that includes representatives and subject matter experts from the immunizations program, public health preparedness, epidemiology, public health nursing, emergency medical services (EMS), emergency management, hospital and long- term care associations, public information officers and legal counsel. The Department is a fully integrated health department with a centralized public health system. The Department has taken several steps to ensure coordination between these various authorities.	Targeted outreach to hospitals has begun. Other providers will also be permitted to complete their COVID-19 enrollment; however, initial emphasis will be placed on hospitals. Long-term care facilities, pharmacies and EMS providers will also be prioritized as they are also target groups in Phase 1. Once additional federal guidance is received, further prioritization decisions will be made. For Phase 2, some vaccine administration methods from Phase 1 will be continued and new administration sites will be added to include: state managed vaccination sites, established vaccines for children and/or vaccines for adult providers, hospital open PODs such as
			urgent care centers, public mass vaccination clinics.
Georgia	https://dph.georgia.gov/docume nt/document/covid-19- vaccination-plan- georgia/download	DPH has established a COVID-19 Vaccine Core Planning and Coordination Team. This team will be responsible for the annual review of state plans, updating plans during an active response, and distributing updated plans to partners and stakeholders. Public Health Districts have developed	DPH defined Tier 1 criteria. Vaccine administration will occur through closed POD sites, including, but not limited to, public health clinics, hospitals, long term care facilities (LTCs), emergency medical services (EMS), etc. Phase 2 providers may include healthcare settings



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		plans to utilize Points of	(physician offices, clinics, etc.),
		Distribution for Medical	retail pharmacies, public health
		Countermeasures and	community clinics, mobile clinics,
		Administration and Medical	FQHCs, and other community
		Material Management and	settings.
		Distribution. Public Health	
		districts are to utilize Points of	
		Distribution (PODs) as Mass	
		Vaccination Clinics (MVCs) for the	
		SARS-CoV2 (COVID-19) mass	
		vaccination campaigns.	
Hawaii	Initial draft plan	The Hawaii Department of Health	Not detailed.
		(HDOH), as the lead state health	
	https://hawaiicovid19.com/wp-	agency and lead state agency for	
	content/uploads/2020/10/Hawaii	State Emergency Support	
	-COVID-19-Vaccination-Plan-	Function 8 (SESF #8) Public	
	<u>Draft_Executive-</u>	Health and Medical Services,	
	Summary_101620.pdf	formed a Core Planning Team	
		with representatives from local,	
		state, and federal levels as well	
		as private sector partners under	
		the leadership of the Disease	
		Outbreak Control Division	
		(DOCD) Immunization Branch	
		(IMB) to develop the state's	
		COVID-19 Vaccination Plan.	
Idaho	https://coronavirus.idaho.gov/w	The two organizations	Phase 1 – Public Health Districts;
	<u>p-</u>	leading the vaccination planning	Hospitals/Critical Care;
	content/uploads/2020/10/Idaho	and implementation are the	FQHC/CHC; Pharmacies; Tribal
	COVID-19-Interim-Vaccination-	Idaho Department of Health and	Health; Occupational Health;
	Plan-V2-10-19-2020.pdf	Welfare (DHW) and the Idaho	Large Healthcare Systems
		Office of Emergency (IOEM). The	
		public health governance	



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		structure in Idaho is both	Phase 2 – Pharmacies;
		centralized and decentralized.	Correctional Facilities; Urgent
		Much of the legal authority in	Care Clinics; Internal Medicine;
		public health matters is held at	Family Medicine
		the state level in DHW. There are,	
		however, several authorities and	Phase 3 – Pediatric Providers;
		responsibilities that are	Interested Vaccinators
		delegated to local public health	
		districts.	
Illinois	http://www.dph.illinois.gov/sites	The Guide is a product of the	Public health departments should
	/default/files/COVID19/10.16.20	COVID-19 Mass Vaccination	coordinate with their health care
	%20Mass%20Vaccination%20Pla	Planning Work Group. The	coalition, emergency
	nning.pdf	COVID19 Mass Vaccination	management, and other
		Planning Work Group is	response partners to develop a
		composed of representatives of	list of entities serving the priority
		the various state stakeholder	groups, determine their
		agencies with roles in public	capabilities to serve as sites for
		health emergency responses and	vaccine administration, i.e.
		those that serve organizations	closed PODs, or develop plans for
		and individuals in the priority	the local health department to
		groups targeted for COVID-19	service these groups at a general
		vaccine administration. See page	POD designed for these groups.
		25 for a list of state and local	
		agencies and organizations	
		involved on the COVID-19 Mass	
		Vaccination Planning Work	
		Group.	
Indiana	https://www.coronavirus.in.gov/f	To implement an effective,	Indiana has a robust pool of
	iles/Indiana%20COVID-	equitable, and representative	vaccinators including primary
	19%20Vaccination%20Plan_%20I	COVID-19 vaccine strategy, IDOH	care physicians, pharmacists, and
	nterim%20Draft.pdf	has leveraged existing	local health departments.
		partnerships within the agency,	Currently, 743 providers are
		state and local governments,	enrolled in the Indiana Vaccines



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		healthcare, minority groups,	for Children (VFC) Program who
		private industry, and higher	are actively vaccinating and
		education. These partners are	recording vaccination
		represented within the internal	administration data in CHIRP.
		and external implementation	This includes private providers,
		committees. The State of Indiana,	local health, pharmacies, and
		in conjunction with multiple	healthcare/hospital locations.
		agencies, has created Homeland	The IDOH will work with
		Security and Public Health	providers who have a history of
		Preparedness Districts. The	vaccinating a large percentage of
		district organization and planning	vulnerable populations to ensure
		concept is comprised of multiple	that these providers to continue
		jurisdictions, disciplines, and	to provide services and build
		agencies.	upon existing relationships.
Iowa	https://idph.iowa.gov/Portals/1/	The Iowa Department of Public	For Phase 1, local public health
	userfiles/61/covid19/vaccine/V1	Health (IDPH) is the lead state	agencies will be responsible for
	_2%20lowa%20COVID-	department in developing the	the allocation of COVID-19
	19%20Vaccination%20Strategy%	strategy for COVID-19	vaccine to local healthcare
	20Draft%20with%20Appendices	vaccination distribution. IDPH is	providers and other
	<u>%2010_16_20.pdf</u>	composed of the Director's Office	organizations such as
		plus five divisions, four boards,	pharmacies. Local public health
		and the Office of the State	agencies are preparing for the
		Medical Examiner. IDPH has	following types of vaccination
		convened an internal COVID-19	clinics in Phase 2: Appointment
		Vaccine Planning team.	clinics; Direct collaboration with
			pharmacies; Community clinics;
			Corrections (jails, prisons or
			other transitional correctional
			facilities); Drive through settings
			as used annually for influenza
			vaccine; Home visits; Mass
			clinics; Private/Closed clinics by
			employers



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Kansas	https://www.coronavirus.kdheks.gov/DocumentCenter/View/1533 /DRAFT-COVID-19-Vaccination- Plan-for-Kansas-Version11- 10162020	The Kansas Department of Health and Environment (KDHE) has an internal COVID-19 Vaccine Planning Committee that consists of multiple stakeholders from within and outside the Agency. In Kansas, the public health system is decentralized and KDHE serves all 105 counties of the state. The local health departments report to their local Board of Health, which is typically the local Board of County Commissions. There must be collaboration, cooperation, and coordination of both KDHE and the local health departments in the development and implementation of the COVID-19 Vaccine Plan for Kansas. As such, local health departments are represented on the internal COVID-19 vaccine planning committee.	During Phase 1, COVID-19 vaccine provider recruitment and enrollment efforts will be targeted at hospitals and local health departments across the state, including those that are in rural areas. Enrollment of hospitals and local health departments will be prioritized based on those that can provide a significant number of vaccinations to the target populations that have been identified. During Phase 2, enrollment of traditional and non-traditional partners will be the focus. Safety net providers (i.e., Federally Qualified Health Centers, Rural Health Clinics, etc.), pharmacies, long term facilities, and other local healthcare providers will be targeted. Enrollment will be prioritized based on those that can provide a significant number of vaccinations to the target populations identified for this phase. During Phase 3, all other healthcare providers that would like to enroll and can meet the requirements will be added as requested. Enrollment of these



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			providers will occur on a first
			come first served basis.
Kentucky	https://chfs.ky.gov/agencies/dph	Kentucky's vaccination planning	The vaccine will be distributed
	/covid19/InitialDraftKentuckyVac	is a combined state and local	and administered via multiple
	<u>cinationPlan.pdf</u>	responsibility that requires close	pathways such as hospitals,
		collaboration between KDPH,	medical offices, clinics, local
		Local Health Departments (LHDs)	health departments, pharmacies,
		external agencies, and	and other locations. KDPH
		community partners. Kentucky	currently anticipates that
		public health has a "shared	independent and community
		governance" health structure	pharmacies will be a major
		within which both KDPH and	partner in providing vaccine to
		LHDs will play a key role ensuring	those targeted underserved
		a successful COVID-19	areas.
		vaccination campaign. KDPH also	
		stood up a COVID-19 Vaccination	
	1000	Planning Team.	
Louisiana	https://ldh.la.gov/assets/oph/Ce	The Louisiana Department of	During Phase 1, first available
	nter-PHCH/Center-	Health (LDH) Office of Public	COVID-19 vaccine will be
	PH/immunizations/Louisiana CO	Health (OPH) Pandemic Influenza	prioritized for distribution to
	VID-	and Severe Respiratory Pathogen	large provider settings with high
	19 Vaccination Playbook V1 10	Plan was finalized on March 1,	numbers of Tier 1a personnel,
	<u>16_20.pdf</u>	2020. Details of the	and provider recruitment and enrollment activities will
		organizational structure are in that overarching plan. LDH OPH is	primarily focus on vaccination
		the lead agency for pandemic	providers currently practicing at
		influenza and severe respiratory	healthcare facilities, such as
		pathogen response within	hospitals, and congregate care
		Louisiana. The State Health	setting facilities, such as nursing
		Officer (SHO) holds the ultimate	homes. If the initial supply of
		health authority in Louisiana to	vaccine is inadequate to cover all
		declare and cease a Public Health	hospitals, it is proposed that the
		Emergency. The SHO will also	vaccine be distributed to various



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		control any subsequent actions, restrictions, re-openings, or guidance based on additional guidance from the CDC at the time of the event.	hospitals based on their COVID- 19 hospital census.
Maine	https://www.maine.gov/dhhs/mecdc/infectious-disease/immunization/documents/covid-19-vaccination-plan-maine-interim-draft.pdf	The Maine Center for Disease Control and Prevention (Maine CDC) serves as the State's public health agency. Its work on a COVID-19 vaccine plan and implementation is being supported by the Maine Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS) and other key Departments such as Education and Corrections. Governor Mills and her leadership team will make key policy and operational decisions.	Maine anticipates enrolling all 37 Maine hospitals as COVID-19 Vaccine Provider sites as a priority for Phase 1. Long-term care facilities will also be prioritized for Phase 1 vaccination efforts. Pharmacy sites will be used as a mechanism to reach long-term care facilities unable to meet the COVID-19 enrollment requirements during Phase 1 and the general public for subsequent phases. Vaccination settings in Phase 1 will likely include closed PODs in the healthcare settings for highest priority healthcare workers, closed PODs and/or strike teams at long term care facilities and closed PODs/ strike teams for highest priority critical infrastructure. Occupational health settings for large employers and FQHCs are planned for Phase 2. Urgent Care Clinics are also planned for enrollment.



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Maryland	https://phpa.health.maryland.go v/Documents/10.19.2020 Maryl and COVID- 19 Vaccination Plan CDCwm.pd f	The MDH Center for Immunization (CFI) will lead the operational aspects of the plan implementation and the MDH Office of Preparedness and Response (OP&R) will assume planning and coordination and logistical responsibilities, with other MDH programs and agencies, including MEMA, MIEMSS, MSP and others, taking on roles and responsibilities as the operational needs evolve.	MDH is currently recruiting and enrolling healthcare providers (HCPs), local health departments (LHDs), employee occupational health and pharmacists in Maryland's Vaccine Program Immunization Information System (ImmuNet) to ensure that there will be sufficient vaccinators throughout the state. Providers in rural areas, hospital settings, occupational health for essential employees, and those who provide care for seniors will be heavily recruited in order to serve those respective populations.
Massachusetts	https://www.mass.gov/doc/mass achusetts-interim-draft- plan/download	Massachusetts has a decentralized public health system, with each of its 351 cities and towns having its own governing body and health board with authority to provide public health services to its residents. The Bureau of Infectious Disease and Laboratory Sciences (BIDLS) Immunization Division is the lead for COVID-19 vaccination planning, distribution, and implementation efforts hereinafter referred to as Massachusetts COVID-19 Vaccination Program (MCVP). A	The first available doses will be made available to hospitals, long-term care (LTC), Community Health Centers (CHC), and adult primary care provider sites. MDPH is developing engagement strategies with key partners in support of the vaccination strategy for critical populations. Key partners include, but are not limited to: Community-based organizations; Community health centers; Correctional facilities; Councils on Aging; Shelters serving vulnerable populations; Local education authorities; 24/7



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		COVID-19 Vaccine Advisory Group has also been established comprised of medical professionals, public health experts, elected officials, community leaders and infectious disease specialists.	congregate care settings; Higher education institutions; Long term care facilities; Acute Care Hospitals; Meals programs; Pharmacies; Substance use disorder treatment programs; Mental and Behavioral Health treatment programs; Urgent care clinics
Michigan	https://www.michigan.gov/documents/coronavirus/COVID- 19 Vaccination Plan for Michigan InterimDraft10162020_70559 8_7.pdf	The Division of Immunization is one of 4 Divisions within the Bureau of Infection Disease Prevention but temporarily reporting to the State Epidemiologist within the Bureau of Epidemiology and Population Health. Each of these Bureaus report to the Chief Deputy for Health/State Chief Medical Executive. The Immunization Division works closely with the Communicable Disease Division and partner on outbreak control activities. The Division of Immunization has two sections: The Outreach and Education Section and the Assessment and Local Support Section.	Phase 1 Provider COVID Registration will be tiered across several weeks and broader than those who will be part of Phase 1 Vaccine Distribution. Registration announcements have been sent to Local Health Departments, Hospitals including Michigan's State Hospitals. This will be followed with outreach to Long Term Care Facilities, and then Pharmacies. Remaining Provider COVID Registration (Phase 2 and Phase 3) - Following the registration of Phase 1 providers, recruitment for remaining providers will be made via the MDHHS Health Alert Network, through provider associations MDHHS Health Alert Network and through provider associations (example: Michigan State Medical Society, Michigan Pharmacy Association, Long Term



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			Care Facility organizations,
			others) and to existing registered
			MCIR providers including VFC
			providers. Non-traditional
			vaccine providers and clinic sites
			will be assessed to determine
			vaccine administration capacity.
			This may include COVID-19
			testing sites, school-based health
			centers (some health centers
			remain open even though the
			school is doing virtual learning),
			urgent cares, etc.
Minnesota	Executive Summary Draft	Not detailed.	Minnesota Department of Health
	released		website houses a survey that
			providers can complete to
	https://www.health.state.mn.us/		indicate their interest in enrolling
	diseases/coronavirus/vaxplansu		in the COVID-19 vaccine
	mm.pdf		program. Data from the survey
			will be used to prioritize which
			providers to engage first.
			Minnesota will use layered
			mapping techniques to ensure
			that there is a good geographic
			match between priority
			populations and enrolled
			providers receiving initial doses
			of vaccine.
Mississippi	http://www.msdh.state.ms.us/m	MSDH is a centralized public	MSDH is and will continue to
	sdhsite/index.cfm/14,11290,71,9	health agency with health	reach out to pharmacies to enroll
	75,pdf/COVID-	department clinics in 81 of the 82	in the MSDH effort in Phase I.
	19_Vaccination_plan.pdf	counties. The state is divided into	During Phase I, MSDH will focus
		three public health regions each	on closed point-of-dispensing



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		having a Regional Health Officer,	(CPOD) settings that allow for the
		a Regional Administrator, a Chief	maximum number of people to
		Nurse, and other regional	be vaccinated while maintaining
		program staff who direct	social distancing and other
		activities in all of the local health	infection control procedures
		departments in the counties	(e.g., large hospitals and satellite,
		within the Regions. MSDH has	temporary, or off-site settings).
		developed an Incident Command	MSDH will adapt to the increase
		Vaccination Structure for Vaccine	in COVID-19 vaccine supply levels
		Planning and Response to	by administering vaccine through
		provide the additional levels of	public health sites (mobile clinics,
		support and responsibilities.	Federally Qualified Health
			Centers [FQHCs], RHCs, public
			health departments,
			temporary/off-site clinics).
Missouri	https://health.mo.gov/living/heal	The Missouri Department of	Once the details of initial vaccine
	thcondiseases/communicable/no	Health and Senior Services	receipt are known (vaccine type,
	vel-coronavirus/pdf/mo-covid-	(DHSS) charged Bureau of	potential arrival date, number of
	19-vax-plan.pdf	Immunizations Chief Jennifer	doses, etc.), the SIT will use the
		VanBooven, MPH, MA, to	population sequencing tiers in
		develop a statewide vaccination	Section 4 and the notification
		plan. DHSS established the	details to determine initial
		Missouri Interagency COVID-19	delivery sites. For Phase 1,
		Vaccination Planning Team. The	Missouri plans to collaborate
		majority of the efforts have been	with healthcare systems,
		transitioned from initial planning	pharmacies, and community
		to implementation. The State	partners to vaccinate long-term
		Implementation Team (SIT). SIT is	care facility staff and other
		responsible for overseeing and	healthcare workers. During Phase
		implementing the effective	3, the intention is federally
		deployment of Missouri's COVID-	qualified health centers, rural
		19 vaccination plan and providing	health clinics, private providers,
		critical services, such as IT	and pharmacies take on the



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		support, vaccine distribution	majority of the vaccination effort
		planning, and sharing of best	for most adults in their areas.
		practices between Regional	
		Implementation Teams (RIT).	
Montana	https://dphhs.mt.gov/Portals/85/	The State of Montana's plan	The Immunization Program is
	Documents/Coronavirus/Montan	recognizes the importance of this	obtaining primary contacts and
	aCOVID-	collaborative response and is	emails for all potential Phase 1
	19VaccinationPlanInterimDRAFT.	establishing two key advisory	COVID19 vaccine providers
	<u>pdf</u>	groups that will guide the	identified as having the ability to
		effective vaccination effort. The	reach Phase 1 critical
		operational hub of this effort will	populations. The Immunization
		be located in DPHHS's	Program will prioritize processing
		Immunization Section in the	Phase 1 enrollments initially and
		Communicable Disease Control	progress to providers in other
		and Prevention Bureau (CDCPB),	phases as the vaccination effort
		which has historically been the	develops.
		operational center of other major	
		immunization and communicable	
		disease responses in the state.	
Nebraska	http://dhhs.ne.gov/Documents/C	NDHHS is headed by a Chief	Phase 1 – Current Vaccine for
	OVID-19-Vaccination-Plan.pdf	Executive Officer (CEO) who is	Children (VFC) partners already
		appointed by and reports to the	connected to NESIIS for ordering
		Governor. The CEO supervises	vaccine and reporting data, and
		the Directors of each of the five	those able to administer vaccine
		divisions within NDHHS: Public	in closed setting specific to Phase
		Health, Children and Family	1: Local Health Departments;
		Services, Behavioral Health,	FQHCs, Community Based Clinics,
		Medicaid and Long Term Care,	Tribal Healthcare o Hospitals -
		and Developmental Disabilities,	closed settings.
		as well as Operations and	
		Incident Command. The Incident	Phase 2 – NDHHS and local
		Commander oversees the	health departments will adjust to
		Preparedness section, and is	an increase in COVID-19 vaccine



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		acting as the Point of Contact for	supply and expand provider
		the Nebraska COVID-19	networks, increasing to partner
		response.	with: Pharmacies, doctor's
			offices, Urgent Care clinics; Public
			health sites such as mobile
			clinics, public health clinics,
			temporary /off-site clinics.
Nevada	https://nvhealthresponse.nv.gov	Nevada's Chief Medical Officer or	COVID-19 Vaccination Program
	/wp-	designee provides direction for	enrollment will begin with the
	content/uploads/2020/10/COVID	the state's immunization	state's hospitals and other self-
	-19-Vaccination-Program-	program. NSIP will order, store,	prophylactic organizations and
	Nevadas-Playbook-for-Statewide-	distribute, track, administer	progress to community POD
	Operations.pdf	operations, and provide guidance	organizers, FQHCs, RHCs,
		for the COVID-19 Vaccination	individual doctors' offices and so
		Program in Nevada. NSIP will	forth. NSIP partnerships with
		communicate through	acute care and critical access
		established chain-of-command	hospitals will be key to
		with the internal planning and	vaccinating Phase 1 populations
		coordination team. Nevada PHP	in rural/frontier counties.
		manages all Point of Dispensing	
		(POD) activities in Nevada's	
		rural/frontier counties. Carson	
		City Health and Human Services	
		(CCHHS) manages the Quad	
		Counties POD activities (covering	
		Carson City, Storey, Lyon, and	
		Douglas Counties). Washoe	
		County Health District (WCHD)	
		manages POD activities for	
		Washoe County. Southern	
		Nevada Health District (SNHD)	
		manages POD activities for Clark	
		County. State personnel will	



State	State Plan	Who is in Charge	Priority Sites of Immunization
		closely monitor activities at the	
		local level to ensure the COVID-	
		19 Vaccination Program is	
		implemented statewide in	
		adherence with federal guidance	
		and requirements, and that there	
		is equitable access to COVID-19	
		vaccination across all areas.	
New Hampshire	https://www.dhhs.nh.gov/dphs/c	The organizational structure	A Government/Non-government
	dcs/covid19/documents/covid19-	follows the DPHS' Incident	partnership of distribution will be
	vac-plan-draft.pdf	Management Team (IMT)	implemented. Using the state's
		(Appendix 1), with the Vaccine	two local health departments
		Operations Section coming under	and 13 Regional Public Health
		the Incident Commander	Networks (RPHNs) to disseminate
		(Appendix 2). The Vaccine	vaccines through closed point of
		Operations Section includes six	dispensing (POD) agreements.
		branches. New Hampshire has a	Local health departments and
		centralized public health	RPHNs will conduct open PODs
		structure with disease control	for vulnerable areas of the
		authority resting with the DHHS	population that will have
		Commissioner. There are two	difficulty accessing vaccine
		local health departments in the	through other efforts. Non-
		state's largest cities, Manchester	government response:
		and Nashua. In order to provide	Partnerships to deliver vaccine to
		local public health response	hospital networks to vaccinate
		capacity, there are 13 regional	their workforce; Pharmacists
		Public Health Networks (RPHNs),	and/or other primary vaccination
		that plan, train for, and respond	providers to vaccinate vulnerable
		to public health emergencies	populations; Medical Homes
		based on CDC's 15 Preparedness	
		Capabilities.	
New Jersey	https://www.state.nj.us/health/c	NJDOH has three principal	NJDOH has a robust network of
	d/topics/New%20Jersey%20Inter	branches: Health Systems, Public	federally funded vaccine



State	State Plan	Who is in Charge	Priority Sites of Immunization
	im%20COVID- 19%20Vaccination%20Plan%20- %2010-26-20%20(1).pdf	Health Services, and Integrated Health, and the cross-cutting Office of Population Health and Office of the Chief of Staff. The Vaccination Task Force resides within the NJDOH Public Health Services Branch. Representation from across state agencies and from the Office of the Governor are incorporated into the work group structure for COVID-19 vaccination planning and implementation. Also incorporated formally or consultatively are statewide, regional, county, and local strategic and tactical partners. Advisory entities are also engaged in planning and will be pivotal to implementation.	providers with over 800 VFC providers and 126 317-Funded Adult Vaccine Program providers. Initially in advance of Phase 1, the DOH is recruiting within the following provider types among those currently enrolled as 317- Funded providers: local health departments; acute care hospitals; community health centers; pharmacies. During Phase 1, PODS will include acute care hospitals, Local Information Network Communications System (LINCS) agencies, Local Health Departments (LHDs), retail pharmacies, Federally Qualified Health Centers (FQHCs), and other safe, familiar, and convenient locations. At scale, this will expand to static and mobile urgent care sites, large primary care clinics, and
New Mexico	https://cv.nmhealth.org/wp-content/uploads/2020/10/10.19. 20-New-Mexico-Preliminary-COVID-vaccine-plan-ID.pdf	NMDOH is led by a Governor- appointed Cabinet Secretary. NMDOH is a centralized statewide public health system that coordinates the public health response to COVID-19 and is responsible for effectively	physician practices. During Phase 1, vaccines will be primarily distributed in closed "point of dispensing" (POD) settings. These may include large "hub" events to administer hundreds of vaccinations in one day, mobile clinics brought to



State	State Plan	Who is in Charge	Priority Sites of Immunization
		executing the strategies outlined	different locations or targeted
		in this Plan. Two divisions of	clinics in specific settings, such as
		NMDOH are leading the COVID-	long-term care facilities. As more
		19 Vaccine planning effort: 1)	vaccine becomes available,
		NMDOH's Public Health Division;	NMDOH intends to rely on more
		and 2) The Epidemiology and	vaccinators, including smaller
		Response Division is leading	public health and other smaller
		surveillance, case investigation,	health centers, medical
		contact tracing, data analytics,	providers, and some pharmacies
		research, and reporting efforts.	that could help conduct closed or
			semi-closed POD events.
New York	https://www.governor.ny.gov/sit	Management of New York's	Phase 1 will consist of a limited
	es/governor.ny.gov/files/atoms/f	vaccination program will require	supply of COVID-19 vaccine doses
	iles/NYS_COVID_Vaccination_Pro	a Vaccine Central Command	available. Vaccines distribution
	gram_Book_10.16.20_FINAL.pdf	Center (VC3) to oversee all	will be tightly controlled and
		aspects of vaccine delivery,	focused on vaccinating identified
		administration, and other	priority population(s) such as
		operational aspects of the	health care workers in workplace
		program. Once New York's	settings such as healthcare
		independent Clinical Advisory	facilities. Phase 2 will consist of a
		Task Force has advised that a	growing number of vaccine doses
		COVID-19 vaccine is safe and	available. Vaccine supply will
		effective, the vaccine will be	likely be sufficient to meet
		distributed and administered	demands beyond the initial
		throughout New York State. To	priority population(s) and will be
		help guide this process, on	administered to individuals in
		September 24 the Governor	broader settings such as doctor's
		established a Vaccine	offices, retail pharmacies, public
		Distribution and Implementation	health clinics, etc. Phase 3 will
		Task Force to advise the set up	consist of a sufficient and/or
		and operation of the state's	excess supply of vaccine doses
		COVID-19 vaccination program.	for the entire population.



State	State Plan	Who is in Charge	Priority Sites of Immunization
			Vaccines will be administered in
			all appropriate settings.
North Carolina	https://files.nc.gov/covid/docum	The North Carolina DHHS	North Carolina will prioritize early
	ents/NC-COVID-19-Vaccine-Plan-	Vaccination Planning Team is	outreach, recruitment and
	with-Executive-Summary.pdf	responsible for the development	enrollment of key providers and
		of this plan and annexes.	agencies who serve populations
			with high risk of clinical severity
			and high risk of exposure. The
			Advisory Committee will help to
			identify and engage those
			providers. Enrollment is already
			underway with local health
			departments, hospitals and
			health systems. Relevant
			stakeholders include hospitals,
			SNFs, adult care homes, assisted
			living, group homes,
			intermediate care facilities,
			primary and specialty care
			providers, urgent care clinics,
North Dakota	https://www.hoolth.nd.gov/sites	COVID-19 vaccination planning	travel clinics, etc. List on page 20. Potential providers to recruit for
NOTH DAKOLA	https://www.health.nd.gov/sites/www/files/documents/COVID%	falls under the planning section	vaccination include: Hospitals;
	20Vaccine%20Page/Covid-	of the Unified Command. After	Clinics, including rural health
	19%20Mass%20Vaccination%20P	approved, most aspects of this	clinics, including rular fleattr
	lan.pdf	plan fall under the Operations	health centers; LPH departments;
	- idinput	Section, within the Disease	Pharmacies; LTCs; Correctional
		Control Branch in the Mass	facilities; Group Homes;
		Immunization Group. Molly	University health centers;
		Howell, immunization director	Occupational health; Emergency
		for the North Dakota Department	Medical Services; Mass



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		of Health (NDDoH), is the lead for the Mass Immunization Group. The state warehouse falls under Logistics. The Joint Information System will be responsible for all communications. See Appendix B for the ND Unified Command Organizational Chart.	vaccinators; Dialysis Centers; Indian Health Services (IHS) and/or tribal health.
Ohio	https://www.scribd.com/docume nt/480862525/Ohio-COVID-19- Vaccination-Draft-Plan-Final- DRAFT#from embed	Governor DeWine assembled a Pandemic Response and Recovery Leadership Team led by Adjutant General John C. Harris and Interim Director of the Department of Health, Lance Himes who, in turn, report to the Governor's Office. Within this Pandemic Response Leadership Team, there is a dedicated organizational structure for vaccine readiness activities.	Provider types are predetermined per federal guidance. Providers and settings will be determined and enrolled based on their eligibility and ability to safely and effectively administer the COVID-19 vaccine. This approach will take provider characteristics into account as they relate to location, throughput, storage and handling capabilities, and access to vulnerable populations.
Oklahoma	https://coronavirus.health.ok.gov /sites/g/files/gmc786/f/state_of_ oklahoma_covid- 19_vaccination_plan.pdf	In Oklahoma, the Commissioner of Health reports directly to the Governor and his cabinet secretary. The Commissioner is the leader of a centralized public health agency which covers 75 of the 77 counties in Oklahoma. The Commissioner is responsible for ensuring Oklahoma has a plan for receiving and administering COVID-19 vaccine in collaboration with tribal partners,	Over 515 pandemic providers including LHDs, RHCs, FQHCs, hospitals and others enrolled with Immunization Service before CDC released its provider enrollment forms. For phase 1, Oklahoma will be using local County Health Departments to administer state allocated vaccine to LTC and public health staff through closed PODs and will work with partners to



State	State Plan	Who is in Charge	Priority Sites of Immunization
		independent/urban public health	coordinate vaccine to tribally ran
		departments, federal entities and	LTC and public health programs.
		private providers across the	Later, Oklahoma will reach out to
		state. In addition, a Core Planning	large hospitals to administer
		Team was established in early	vaccine to their Health Care
		September.	workers providing direct in
			patient care to COVID patients.
Oregon	https://www.oregon.gov/oha/co	The Oregon Immunization	The Oregon Immunization
	vid19/Documents/COVID-19-	Program, the Health Security	Program in the process of
	Vaccination-Plan-Oregon.pdf	Preparedness and Response	developing an online enrollment
		program, and Acute and	system that will capture the data
		Communicable Disease	defined in the CDC COVID-19
		Prevention programs comprise	Provider Agreement forms.
		much of the Vaccine Planning	Providers will enroll with OR
		Unit Functional Organization	ALERT IIS first, then enroll to
		chart. The Oregon Immunization	become a COVID-19 vaccine
		Program (OIP), part of the OHA	provider. Each application will be
		Public Health Division's Center	reviewed and prioritized for
		for Public Health Practice (CPHP),	enrollment according to the
		works to reduce the incidence of	provider's ability to reach target
		vaccine-preventable disease in	populations.
		Oregon. The COVID-19 Response	
		and Recovery Unit (CRRU) is a	
		temporary division combining the	
		expertise of two state agencies –	
		the health knowledge of the	
		Oregon Health Authority (OHA)	
		and the social service delivery of	
		the Oregon Department of	
		Human Services (ODHS). The	
		Health Security, Preparedness	
		and Response program (HSPR) is	
		working in conjunction with the	



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		Vaccine Planning Unit by providing subject matter expertise in the areas of medical countermeasures, preparedness exercises, response, medical surge, and risk communications.	
Pennsylvania	Plan not released Executive summary: https://www.health.pa.gov/topic s/Documents/Programs/Immuniz ations/Pennsylvania%20COVID- 19%20Vaccination%20Plan%20Ex ecutive%20Summary.pdf	Additional details not yet released. Utilizing the public and private partnerships established in the commonwealth will greatly increase the effectiveness of vaccine distribution.	Additional details not yet released. Phase 1 is currently under way and focuses on hospitals, Federally Qualified Health Centers, County and Municipal Health Departments, and DOH State Health Centers. Phases 2 and 3 will be expanded to existing Vaccines for Children (VFC) and nonVFC providers and pharmacies throughout the commonwealth.
Rhode Island	https://www.wpri.com/wp-content/uploads/sites/23/2020/1 0/RI-COVID-19-Vaccination-Plan-Interim-Draft.10.16.2020.pdf	Rhode Island is currently engaged in a whole-of-government response to COVID-19 in the state. Response elements are organized by function, and coordination is largely managed by the Rhode Island Governor's Office, in close partnership with the Rhode Island Department of Health and Rhode Island National Guard.	All licensed healthcare providers authorized to administer vaccine are eligible for enrollment in Rhode Island's State-Supplied Vaccine (SSV) program to access both child and adult routine vaccines, with the exception of shingles vaccine. RIDOH's Immunization Program is currently working to enroll additional providers, particularly those who serve critical population groups (e.g., primary



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South Carolina	https://scdhec.gov/covid19/covi	the State has established a	and specialty care providers whose patients are over the age of 65). South Carolina is looking at
	d-19-vaccination	Unified Command Group (UCG) to coordinate and unify response functions (Planning, Operations, Logistics, and Finance). The Unified Command Group will consist of the following: • Director, SC Department of Health and Environmental Control (DHEC) • Director, SC Emergency Management Division (SCEMD) • The Adjutant General • The SC State Epidemiologist	recruiting the following entities to become an enrolled COVID-19 Vaccine Provider: In-patient healthcare facilities; Outpatient healthcare facilities (bases on new guidance); Long Term Care Facilities (LTCFs) to include nursing homes, assisted living, independent living, and skilled nursing facilities; Critical infrastructure employers. Recently, South Carolina surveyed statewide healthcare providers to engage interest in providing COVID-19 vaccines. Of the 387 providers responding to the survey, 310 providers (or 80.1%) indicated an interest in participating in the vaccination program. These providers represent: Commercial vaccination service provider; Correction/detention health services; Community Health Centers (non-federally qualified health center, non-rural health clinic); Hospitals; LTCF: Community Residential Care



State	State Plan	Who is in Charge	Priority Sites of Immunization
			(CRC); LTCF: Nursing Care Facility/Nursing Home (NCF); Medical Practices including family medicine, OB/GYN, pediatrics, and specialty; Pharmacies including chain and independent; Public Health Providers including federally qualified health centers and public health clinics; Occupational Health Centers; Student Health Centers; Urgent Care Centers.
South Dakota	Not publicly released.	Not publicly released.	Not publicly released.
Tennessee	https://www.tn.gov/content/da m/tn/health/documents/cedep/n ovel-coronavirus/COVID- 19 Vaccination Plan.pdf	The Tennessee Department of Health is led by Dr. Lisa Piercey, Commissioner of Health, who reports directly to Governor Bill Lee. The TDH Executive Leadership Team consists of the Chief of Staff, the State Chief Medical Officer, Deputy Commissioner for Population Health, and the Deputy Commissioner for Operations.	VPDIP's first priority is to enroll hospitals with emergency departments and intensive care units that would see the highest acuity patients. Enrollment will then expand to include all hospitals in the state, so that they may provide vaccine to qualifying staff. Our next priority is to ensure all health departments have completed the PA and are ready to receive vaccines, and then we will focus on pharmacies, especially those in rural areas that do not have hospitals or other opportunities to access vaccines outside of the health departments. Once



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			hospitals and pharmacies are onboarded, we will begin focusing on large employers, urgent care clinics, and community providers that will be able to reach additional individuals within these priority populations.
Texas	https://www.kxan.com/wp-content/uploads/sites/40/2020/1 0/Texas-Vaccine-Plan-10-16- 2020-DRAFT-CDC-Submission.pdf	The Texas Department of State Health Services (DSHS) will utilize an internal COVID-19 vaccine planning and coordination team gathered from across the agency, including the Immunization Program. This team will be composed of executive staff, existing immunizations staff, other DSHS staff temporarily assigned to immunizations, and temporary/contract employees. Please see Appendix 1 for COVID- 19 Organizational Chart.	Texas will prioritize enrollment activities for vaccination providers and settings who will administer COVID-19 vaccine to vulnerable and frontline populations of focus for Phase 1, and considering those who live in remote, rural areas and who may have difficulty accessing vaccination services. Allocations will be equitable among geography and facility types. Simultaneously, Texas will develop operational procedures for any temporary or mobile clinics planned for Phase 2. During Phase 2, Texas expects to administer vaccine through: Commercial and private sector partners (pharmacies, doctors' offices, clinics); Public health sites (mobile clinics, Federally Qualified Health Centers [FQHCs], RHCs, public health clinics, temporary/off-site clinics);



State	State Plan	Who is in Charge	Priority Sites of Immunization
			Specialized vaccine teams to target areas with limited access in coordination with local and regional leadership.
Utah	Plan not released Presentation overview https://le.utah.gov/interim/2020 /pdf/00004190.pdf	Additional details not yet released. Utah has been divided into multiple jurisdictions: Local Health Departments; Health Systems; Indian Health Facilities; Statewide Coordination	Additional details not yet released. Facilities with the capacity to administer vaccines will be enrolled under each phase/wave under their local health districts: LTCF, Assisted living facilities, skilled nursing facilities; Healthcare providers (e.g., Pediatrics, family & internal medicine, OB/GYN); Local/regional pharmacies (not enrolled with federal agreements)
Vermont	https://www.healthvermont.gov/sites/default/files/documents/pdf/Vermont%20Jurisdictional%20COVID-19%20Vaccination%20Plan_Interim%20Draft.10.21.2020.pdf	The VDH is a centralized public health organization that operates as the only governmental public health organization in the State of Vermont. The leaders for each of the 12 Local Health Offices participate in monthly expanded team meetings and are actively involved in the work of the currently activated Health Operations Center. In addition, the State Emergency Operations Center coordinates all other state level assistance to be provided	Vermont will prioritize enrollment in the following order to reach the critical population groups first: Hospitals; Vermont Department of Health; Pharmacies; Long Term Care Facilities; Primary Care Practices; VNA and Home Health Agencies; Vermont Department of Corrections (if indicated)



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		during this effort including	
		logistical needs such as transport,	
		security, storage, procurement,	
		personnel to support the work of	
		the Health Department, and are a	
		direct link to the Emergency	
		Management Directors in each	
		city/town. Emergency managers	
		in each town will have input into	
		planning. Also, a COVID-19	
		Vaccine Implementation Advisory	
		Committee is being formed	
		which will include wide	
		representation from the Crisis	
		Standards of Care Group and	
		those who serve populations at	
		greatest risk for COVID-19.	
Virginia	https://www.vdh.virginia.gov/co	The Virginia Department of	Types of provider groups that will
	ntent/uploads/sites/11/2020/10/	Health consists of 33 local health	be targeted include, but are not
	DRAFT-Virginia-COVID-19-	districts, with each health district	limited to: Large hospitals and
	Vaccine-Campaign-Plan-Version-	supporting one or more local	health systems; Commercial
	<u>1.1.pdf</u>	jurisdictions. These local health	partners* (e.g., pharmacies);
		districts report to the State	Long Term Care Facilities;
		Health Commissioner through	Correctional Facilities; Mobile
		the Deputy Commissioner for	vaccination providers;
		Community Health Services.	Occupational health settings for
		Additionally, there are two health	large employers; Community
		districts (Fairfax and Arlington)	Health Centers (including
		that are locally funded and	Federally Qualified Health
		operated, and not part of VDH.	Centers and Rural Health
		Virginia's local health districts	Centers); Free-Standing
		work closely with the localities	Emergency Departments and
		that they support and include	Walk-in Clinics; Doctor's Offices;



State	State Plan	Who is in Charge	Priority Sites of Immunization
		local health departments for those jurisdictions. For preparedness and response purposes, the VDH has further organized the 35 health districts into five regions. Each region has a regional team consisting of an Emergency Coordinator, an Epidemiologist, and a Public Information Officer	College and University Student Health Clinics; Specialty clinics, including dialysis centers; Emergency Medical Services (EMS) Medical Directors; In- home care providers
Washington	https://www.doh.wa.gov/Portals/1/Documents/1600/coronavirus/WA-COVID-19-Vaccination-Plan.pdf	The Washington State Department of Health has established an internal COVID-19 Vaccine Planning and Coordination Team within the state's COVID-19 response structure, which is guided by the State Health Officer, Secretary of Health, and Deputy Secretary for COVID-19 Response. This team is under the direction of the Deputy Secretary for COVID-19 Response, and includes representatives from across the agency	The provider types and settings that will administer first available COVID-19 vaccine will be highthroughput locations where those groups recommended for vaccination can receive the vaccine. This is anticipated to be large health care facilities and/or mass vaccination points of dispensing (PODs) and reach health care workers, first responders, essential workers, and adult residential care facilities for the first available vaccine doses. Using the allocation framework in Section 4, the department is engaging providers through surveys, workgroups, and meetings, including consultation or collaboration with the Washington State Hospital Association (WSHA), health care



State	State Plan	Who is in Charge	Priority Sites of Immunization
			coalitions, health care worker and employee labor unions, the Washington State Pharmacy Association, the Washington State Medical Association (WSMA), long-term care facilities, Washington State Vaccine Science Advisory Workgroup, the Vaccine Advisory Committee, tribal nations and organizations, and local governments.
West Virginia	https://dhhr.wv.gov/COVID- 19/Documents/vaccineplan.pdf	e. The West Virginia Department of Health and Human Resources (WVDHHR) has developed the West Virginia COVID-19 Vaccination Program plan. In accordance with the WV Public Health All Hazards Threat Response Plan, an incident command system, known as WVDHHR Health Command, has been established for mobilization of the WVDHHR's COVID-19 response. In addition, several working groups have been established to support the planning of robust COVID-19 Vaccination Program.	Current recruitment efforts are focused on engaging vaccination providers that will be administering the COVID-19 Vaccine during Phase 1. These are the agencies that are best positioned to vaccinate the healthcare and critical workforce rapidly and efficiently and will include: Health systems/Hospitals; Local Health Departments; Long-term care facilities; Free clinics; Federally Qualified Health Centers; Pharmacies. If a specific need or location is identified to support the direct immunization of a specific critical population additional sites may be recruited from the list: Pharmacies; Outpatient facilities;



State	State Plan	Who is in Charge	Priority Sites of Immunization
			Occupational Health Clinics; Long-term care facilities; School based health clinics; Private provider offices; Congregate settings; Colleges and Universities
Wisconsin	https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/publications/p02813a.pdf	DHS is within the Executive Branch of the Governor's Office, and has nine Divisions and Offices. The DHS COVID-19 response is embedded within a state-wide response structure. The response is governed by a Policy Group with representatives from DHS, Department of Administration, Wisconsin Emergency Management, Wisconsin National Guard, and the Governor's Office.	Health care providers, pharmacies, correctional facilities/vendors, homeless shelters, community-based organizations, Medicaid recipients. Pharmacists are anticipated to be significant players particularly in phase 3.
Wyoming	https://health.wyo.gov/wp-content/uploads/2020/10/Interim-Draft-WDH-COVID-19-Vaccination-Plan10-16-20.pdf	The WDH has four operating divisions: Aging, Behavioral Health, Health Care Financing, and Public Health. The Public Health Division (PHD) has primary responsibility for coordinating development of the Wyoming COVID-19 Vaccination Plan. The Immunization Unit (Unit), located within the PHD, is responsible for routine distribution of all publicly-purchased vaccines in Wyoming	Most pharmacies associated or connected to national chains will receive COVID-19 vaccine allocations directly from CDC when vaccine doses increase. CVS and Walgreens have also been contracted through the CDC to provide vaccinations to residents of long-term care and assisted living facilities. Chain pharmacies and independent pharmacies could also be identified as early vaccine providers by PHNOs and



State	State Plan	Who is in Charge	Priority Sites of Immunization
State	State Fian	to providers enrolled in the Public Vaccine Programs. In addition, an internal COVID-19 Vaccination Team has been assembled to develop the WDH	CHDs. National chain pharmacies will likely receive shipments directly from nationally contracted vaccine depots or distributors in Phase 2. As
		COVID-19 Vaccination Plan.	vaccine doses increase, pharmacies will be valuable in assisting with vaccination of the general public. During Phase 3 vaccines will be available to all people who are recommended to be vaccinated. Vaccine will be
			available to all enrolled COVID-19 vaccination providers and ordering will be based on provider capacity and need.