

State COVID-19 Vaccination Plans

Last Updated – November 5, 2020

State	State Plan	Who is in Charge	Priority Sites of Immunization
Alabama	If approved Alabama's COVID-19 vaccination plan will be released to the public at a later date.	Not publicly released.	Not publicly released.
Alaska	http://dhss.alaska.gov/dph/Epi/i d/SiteAssets/Pages/HumanCoV/A laskaCOVID- 19VaccinationDraftPlan.pdf	Within the State of Alaska, the responsibility for COVID-19 vaccination planning falls primarily to DHSS as the lead entity. The Division of Public Health within DHSS is further tasked with standing up a task force and creating an organizational structure to direct these efforts. The Alaska COVID- 19 Vaccination Program Task Force was assembled to plan and coordinate our jurisdiction's COVID-19 vaccination effort. The Alaska COVID-19 Vaccination Program Task Force is jointly led by a State of Alaska Nurse Consultant and an ANTHC Nurse Immunization Coordinator and two deputy co-leads.	The provider types and settings that will administer the first available COVID-19 vaccine doses to the critical population groups will be determined based on the ACIP recommendations.
Arizona	https://www.azdhs.gov/docume nts/preparedness/epidemiology- disease-control/infectious- disease-epidemiology/novel- coronavirus/draft-covid19- vaccine-plan.pdf	ADHS partners closely with 15 county health departments and 21 federally recognized tribes, which are responsible for administering local immunization programs in their respective jurisdictions. ADHS has	Decisions regarding provider types and settings will be made once the priority groups are defined by ACIP and further prioritized by Vaccine and Antiviral Prioritization Advisory Committee and ADHS leadership.



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		developed an organizational structure based on the Public Health Incident Management System (PHIMS). The purpose of the PHIMS structure is to establish reporting relationships for public health emergency management and address staffing needs for the Department's Health Emergency	Additionally, the extreme shipping and storage requirements for the first anticipated vaccine (Scenario A) will drive decision making when determining provider types and settings.
Arkansas	https://www.scribd.com/docume nt/480388110/Arkansas-Interim- Draft-COVID-19-Vaccination-Plan	Operations Center (HEOC). The ADH is a unified or centralized health department. the ADH has formed an agency internal working group called the Pandemic Vaccination Planning Group (PVPG) as well as a formal group of internal and external stakeholders specific to the pandemic called the COVID-19 Prevention Workgroup. Each group meets weekly to discuss the latest issues related to vaccine planning and rollout	The ADH will be responsible for the allocation of COVID-19 vaccines to approved providers. The ADH will establish an internal workgroup to review provider profiles and match to Arkansas Vaccine Medical Advisory Committee recommendations, subject to review and approval by the Secretary of Health.
California	https://www.cdph.ca.gov/Progra ms/CID/DCDC/CDPH%20Docume nt%20Library/COVID-19/COVID- 19-Vaccination-Plan-California- Interim-Draft_V1.0.pdf	needs. Each of California's 58 counties and 3 cities have Public Health Departments. California Department of Public Health is leading much of the state's COVID-19 responses activities. California established the California Governor's COVID-19	During Phase 1, settings may include public health, occupational health settings, temporary/off site vaccination clinics, mobile clinics reaching critical populations, and closed POD clinics, commercial pharmacies partners reaching



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		Vaccine Task Force and also a multi-agency COVID-19 Vaccine Task Force Working Group. This team is responsible for planning and coordinating COVID-19 response activities, with CHHS input. An organizational chart is included in the plan.	people at higher risk of severe COVID-19 illness such as long- term care facilities, and hospital clinics. During Phase 2 and beyond, settings may include: Commercial and private sector partners (pharmacies, doctors' offices, clinics); Public health sites (mobile clinics, Federally Qualified Health Centers, RHCs, public health clinics, temporary/off-site clinics); Traditional and non-traditional immunization partners, such as: Large settings such as hospitals open PODs, Colleges and universities, Occupational health settings, Correctional facilities
Colorado	https://drive.google.com/file/d/1 bxacXFm3ZsdXVG9RQavew1ck5 W7D52bt/view	A multiagency Colorado Joint COVID Vaccine Planning Team was created. The Colorado Joint COVID-19 Vaccination Planning Team includes representation from more than 20 agencies across the state, and is divided into 5 Lines of Effort (Immunization and Distribution/Data Management; Critical Populations, Consequence Management, Health Equity, Public Information and Messaging) with oversight from a Steering Committee.	For Phase 1: Vaccination providers/settings may include: large hospitals and health systems, occupational health settings for large employers, critical access hospitals, rural health centers, community health centers, and LPHAs. For Phase 2 and 3, vaccination providers/settings may include: doctors' offices and other outpatient healthcare facilities, pharmacies, LPHAs, occupational health settings, organizations serving those at higher risk for



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Connecticut	https://bloximages.newyork1.vip. townnews.com/wfsb.com/conte	The Connecticut DPH is the lead agency in the COVID-19 response	severe illness from COVID-19, congregate settings (including correctional facilities), homeless shelters, colleges/universities, senior centers, FQHCs, RHCs and school-based health centers. Providers that will likely play a role in Phase 1 are being
	nt/tncms/assets/v3/editorial/f/3 5/f35204f4-0fdd-11eb-be6c- 77f67546d59f/5f89e776dec45.pd f.pdf	for the state of Connecticut. To plan for and manage the mass vaccination initiative, the DPH OPHPR has established a working group consisting of representatives of the DPH Commissioner's Office, Legal, Epidemiology, Public Information, Preparedness, Hospital Preparedness, Healthcare Acquired Infections, Healthcare Facility Licensing, and Emergency Medical Services (EMS). The State Emergency Operations Center (SEOC) may be opened to engage and coordinate with other state agencies.	prioritized for enrollment in the CoVP include hospitals, local health departments and districts, pharmacies and clinics that can achieve high throughput. To further expand vaccination capacity for adults who will be vaccinated in both Phases 1 and 2, additional Connecticut providers are also being targeted for recruitment, including: hospitals, pharmacies, private medical practices (urgent care, family medicine, other specialties), LTCF, occupational health clinics, LHDDs, VNAs, corrections, military clinics, FQHCs, school based health centers, tribal nations, dialysis centers, colleges/universities, homeless shelters, group homes,
Delaware	https://coronavirus.delaware.gov	DPH serves as the public health	hospice. To recruit interested providers,
	/wp- content/uploads/sites/177/2020/	entity for both state and local activities. The Office of the	an online survey link was sent through the Medical Society of



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	<u>11/COVID-19-Vaccination-</u> <u>Playbook-DE-V7-102620-</u> <u>102920 webready.pdf</u>	Medical Director (OMD) is taking lead, with the Immunizations Program and Emergency Medical Services and Preparedness Section (EMSPS) supporting the required processes and reporting up to OMD through the structure.	Delaware newsletter, Delaware Health Alert Network (DHAN), the email addresses of long-term care (LTC) contacts, and kidney/dialysis centers in Delaware. The survey responses are used to determine interest and capacity to administer COVID-19 vaccine to patients and staff. DPH has established Closed POD agreements with hospitals, health care systems and 1st responder agencies
Florida	http://ww11.doh.state.fl.us/com m/ partners/covid19 report arc hive/vaccination- plan/vaccination_plan_latest.pdf	A modified Incident Command Structure has been established for the Department's COVID-19 vaccination initiative that includes representatives and subject matter experts from the immunizations program, public health preparedness, epidemiology, public health nursing, emergency medical services (EMS), emergency management, hospital and long- term care associations, public information officers and legal counsel. The Department is a fully integrated health department with a centralized public health system. The Department has taken several steps to ensure coordination	Targeted outreach to hospitals has begun. Other providers will also be permitted to complete their COVID-19 enrollment; however, initial emphasis will be placed on hospitals. Long-term care facilities, pharmacies and EMS providers will also be prioritized as they are also target groups in Phase 1. Once additional federal guidance is received, further prioritization decisions will be made. For Phase 2, some vaccine administration methods from Phase 1 will be continued and new administration sites will be added to include: state managed vaccination sites, established vaccines for children and/or



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		between these various	vaccines for adult providers,
		authorities.	hospital open PODs such as
			urgent care centers, public mass
			vaccination clinics.
Georgia	https://dph.georgia.gov/docume	DPH has established a COVID-19	DPH defined Tier 1 criteria.
	nt/document/covid-19-	Vaccine Core Planning and	Vaccine administration will occur
	vaccination-plan-	Coordination Team. This team	through closed POD sites,
	georgia/download	will be responsible for the annual	including, but not limited to,
		review of state plans, updating	public health clinics, hospitals,
		plans during an active response,	long term care facilities (LTCs),
		and distributing updated plans to	emergency medical services
		partners and stakeholders. Public	(EMS), etc. Phase 2 providers
		Health Districts have developed	may include healthcare settings
		plans to utilize Points of	(physician offices, clinics, etc.),
		Distribution for Medical	retail pharmacies, public health
		Countermeasures and	community clinics, mobile clinics,
		Administration and Medical	FQHCs, and other community
		Material Management and	settings.
		Distribution. Public Health	
		districts are to utilize Points of	
		Distribution (PODs) as Mass	
		Vaccination Clinics (MVCs) for the	
		SARS-CoV2 (COVID-19) mass	
		vaccination campaigns.	
Hawaii	Initial draft plan	The Hawaii Department of Health	Not detailed.
		(HDOH), as the lead state health	
	https://hawaiicovid19.com/wp-	agency and lead state agency for	
	content/uploads/2020/10/Hawaii	State Emergency Support	
	-COVID-19-Vaccination-Plan-	Function 8 (SESF #8) Public	
	Draft_Executive-	Health and Medical Services,	
	Summary_101620.pdf	formed a Core Planning Team	
		with representatives from local,	
		state, and federal levels as well	



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		as private sector partners under	
		the leadership of the Disease	
		Outbreak Control Division	
		(DOCD) Immunization Branch	
		(IMB) to develop the state's	
		COVID-19 Vaccination Plan.	
Idaho	https://coronavirus.idaho.gov/w	The two organizations	Phase 1 – Public Health Districts;
	<u>p-</u>	leading the vaccination planning	Hospitals/Critical Care;
	content/uploads/2020/10/Idaho	and implementation are the	FQHC/CHC; Pharmacies; Tribal
	_COVID-19-Interim-Vaccination-	Idaho Department of Health and	Health; Occupational Health;
	Plan-V2-10-19-2020.pdf	Welfare (DHW) and the Idaho	Large Healthcare Systems
		Office of Emergency (IOEM). The	
		public health governance	Phase 2 – Pharmacies;
		structure in Idaho is both	Correctional Facilities; Urgent
		centralized and decentralized.	Care Clinics; Internal Medicine;
		Much of the legal authority in	Family Medicine
		public health matters is held at	
		the state level in DHW. There are,	Phase 3 – Pediatric Providers;
		however, several authorities and	Interested Vaccinators
		responsibilities that are	
		delegated to local public health	
		districts.	
Illinois	http://www.dph.illinois.gov/sites	The Guide is a product of the	Public health departments should
	/default/files/COVID19/10.16.20	COVID-19 Mass Vaccination	coordinate with their health care
	%20Mass%20Vaccination%20Pla	Planning Work Group. The	coalition, emergency
	nning.pdf	COVID19 Mass Vaccination	management, and other
		Planning Work Group is	response partners to develop a
		composed of representatives of	list of entities serving the priority
		the various state stakeholder	groups, determine their
		agencies with roles in public	capabilities to serve as sites for
		health emergency responses and	vaccine administration, i.e.
		those that serve organizations	closed PODs, or develop plans for
		and individuals in the priority	the local health department to



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		groups targeted for COVID-19	service these groups at a general
		vaccine administration. See page	POD designed for these groups.
		25 for a list of state and local	
		agencies and organizations	
		involved on the COVID-19 Mass	
		Vaccination Planning Work	
		Group.	
Indiana	https://www.coronavirus.in.gov/f	To implement an effective,	Indiana has a robust pool of
	iles/Indiana%20COVID-	equitable, and representative	vaccinators including primary
	19%20Vaccination%20Plan_%20I	COVID-19 vaccine strategy, IDOH	care physicians, pharmacists, and
	nterim%20Draft.pdf	has leveraged existing	local health departments.
		partnerships within the agency,	Currently, 743 providers are
		state and local governments,	enrolled in the Indiana Vaccines
		healthcare, minority groups,	for Children (VFC) Program who
		private industry, and higher	are actively vaccinating and
		education. These partners are	recording vaccination
		represented within the internal	administration data in CHIRP.
		and external implementation	This includes private providers,
		committees. The State of Indiana,	local health, pharmacies, and
		in conjunction with multiple	healthcare/hospital locations.
		agencies, has created Homeland	The IDOH will work with
		Security and Public Health	providers who have a history of
		Preparedness Districts. The	vaccinating a large percentage of
		district organization and planning	vulnerable populations to ensure
		concept is comprised of multiple	that these providers to continue
		jurisdictions, disciplines, and	to provide services and build
		agencies.	upon existing relationships.
lowa	https://idph.iowa.gov/Portals/1/	The Iowa Department of Public	For Phase 1, local public health
	userfiles/61/covid19/vaccine/V1	Health (IDPH) is the lead state	agencies will be responsible for
	_2%20Iowa%20COVID-	department in developing the	the allocation of COVID-19
	<u>19%20Vaccination%20Strategy%</u>	strategy for COVID-19	vaccine to local healthcare
	20Draft%20with%20Appendices	vaccination distribution. IDPH is	providers and other
	<u>%2010_16_20.pdf</u>	composed of the Director's Office	organizations such as



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		plus five divisions, four boards, and the Office of the State Medical Examiner. IDPH has convened an internal COVID-19 Vaccine Planning team.	pharmacies. Local public health agencies are preparing for the following types of vaccination clinics in Phase 2: Appointment clinics; Direct collaboration with pharmacies; Community clinics; Corrections (jails, prisons or other transitional correctional facilities); Drive through settings as used annually for influenza vaccine; Home visits; Mass clinics; Private/Closed clinics by employers
Kansas	https://www.coronavirus.kdheks. gov/DocumentCenter/View/1533 /DRAFT-COVID-19-Vaccination- Plan-for-Kansas-Version11- 10162020	The Kansas Department of Health and Environment (KDHE) has an internal COVID-19 Vaccine Planning Committee that consists of multiple stakeholders from within and outside the Agency. In Kansas, the public health system is decentralized and KDHE serves all 105 counties of the state. The local health departments report to their local Board of Health, which is typically the local Board of County Commissions. There must be collaboration, cooperation, and coordination of both KDHE and the local health departments in the development and implementation of the COVID-19 Vaccine Plan for Kansas. As such, local health	During Phase 1, COVID-19 vaccine provider recruitment and enrollment efforts will be targeted at hospitals and local health departments across the state, including those that are in rural areas. Enrollment of hospitals and local health departments will be prioritized based on those that can provide a significant number of vaccinations to the target populations that have been identified. During Phase 2, enrollment of traditional and non-traditional partners will be the focus. Safety net providers (i.e., Federally Qualified Health Centers, Rural Health Clinics, etc.), pharmacies, long term



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		departments are represented on the internal COVID-19 vaccine planning committee.	facilities, and other local healthcare providers will be targeted. Enrollment will be prioritized based on those that can provide a significant number of vaccinations to the target populations identified for this phase. During Phase 3, all other healthcare providers that would like to enroll and can meet the requirements will be added as requested. Enrollment of these providers will occur on a first come first served basis.
Kentucky	https://chfs.ky.gov/agencies/dph /covid19/InitialDraftKentuckyVac cinationPlan.pdf	Kentucky's vaccination planning is a combined state and local responsibility that requires close collaboration between KDPH, Local Health Departments (LHDs) external agencies, and community partners. Kentucky public health has a "shared governance" health structure within which both KDPH and LHDs will play a key role ensuring a successful COVID-19 vaccination campaign. KDPH also stood up a COVID-19 Vaccination Planning Team.	The vaccine will be distributed and administered via multiple pathways such as hospitals, medical offices, clinics, local health departments, pharmacies, and other locations. KDPH currently anticipates that independent and community pharmacies will be a major partner in providing vaccine to those targeted underserved areas.
Louisiana	https://ldh.la.gov/assets/oph/Ce nter-PHCH/Center- PH/immunizations/Louisiana_CO VID-	The Louisiana Department of Health (LDH) Office of Public Health (OPH) Pandemic Influenza and Severe Respiratory Pathogen	During Phase 1, first available COVID-19 vaccine will be prioritized for distribution to large provider settings with high



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	19_Vaccination_Playbook_V1_10	Plan was finalized on March 1,	numbers of Tier 1a personnel,
	<u>16_20.pdf</u>	2020. Details of the	and provider recruitment and
		organizational structure are in	enrollment activities will
		that overarching plan. LDH OPH is	primarily focus on vaccination
		the lead agency for pandemic	providers currently practicing at
		influenza and severe respiratory	healthcare facilities, such as
		pathogen response within	hospitals, and congregate care
		Louisiana. The State Health	setting facilities, such as nursing
		Officer (SHO) holds the ultimate	homes. If the initial supply of
		health authority in Louisiana to	vaccine is inadequate to cover all
		declare and cease a Public Health	hospitals, it is proposed that the
		Emergency. The SHO will also	vaccine be distributed to various
		control any subsequent actions,	hospitals based on their COVID-
		restrictions, re-openings, or	19 hospital census.
		guidance based on additional	
		guidance from the CDC at the	
		time of the event.	
Maine	https://www.maine.gov/dhhs/m	The Maine Center for Disease	Maine anticipates enrolling all 37
	ecdc/infectious-	Control and Prevention (Maine	Maine hospitals as COVID-19
	disease/immunization/document	CDC) serves as the State's public	Vaccine Provider sites as a
	s/covid-19-vaccination-plan-	health agency. Its work on a	priority for Phase 1. Long-term
	maine-interim-draft.pdf	COVID-19 vaccine plan and	care facilities will also be
		implementation is being	prioritized for Phase 1
		supported by the Maine	vaccination efforts. Pharmacy
		Department of Health and	sites will be used as a mechanism
		Human Services (DHHS) and	to reach long-term care facilities
		other key Departments such as	unable to meet the COVID-19
		Education and Corrections.	enrollment requirements during
		Governor Mills and her	Phase 1 and the general public
		leadership team will make key	for subsequent phases.
		policy and operational decisions.	Vaccination settings in Phase 1
			will likely include closed PODs in
			the healthcare settings for



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Maryland	<u>https://phpa.health.maryland.go</u> v/Documents/10.19.2020 Maryl and_COVID- 19_Vaccination_Plan_CDCwm.pd f	The MDH Center for Immunization (CFI) will lead the operational aspects of the plan implementation and the MDH Office of Preparedness and Response (OP&R) will assume planning and coordination and logistical responsibilities, with other MDH programs and agencies, including MEMA, MIEMSS, MSP and others, taking	highest priority healthcare workers, closed PODs and/or strike teams at long term care facilities and closed PODs/ strike teams for highest priority critical infrastructure. Occupational health settings for large employers and FQHCs are planned for Phase 2. Urgent Care Clinics are also planned for enrollment. MDH is currently recruiting and enrolling healthcare providers (HCPs), local health departments (LHDs), employee occupational health and pharmacists in Maryland's Vaccine Program Immunization Information System (ImmuNet) to ensure that there will be sufficient vaccinators throughout the state. Providers in rural areas, hospital
		on roles and responsibilities as the operational needs evolve.	settings, occupational health for essential employees, and those who provide care for seniors will be heavily recruited in order to serve those respective populations.
Massachusetts	https://www.mass.gov/doc/mass achusetts-interim-draft- plan/download	Massachusetts has a decentralized public health system, with each of its 351 cities and towns having its own governing body and health board	The first available doses will be made available to hospitals, long- term care (LTC), Community Health Centers (CHC), and adult primary care provider sites.



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		with authority to provide public health services to its residents. The Bureau of Infectious Disease and Laboratory Sciences (BIDLS) Immunization Division is the lead for COVID-19 vaccination planning, distribution, and implementation efforts hereinafter referred to as Massachusetts COVID-19 Vaccination Program (MCVP). A COVID-19 Vaccine Advisory Group has also been established comprised of medical professionals, public health experts, elected officials, community leaders and infectious disease specialists.	MDPH is developing engagement strategies with key partners in support of the vaccination strategy for critical populations. Key partners include, but are not limited to: Community-based organizations; Community health centers; Correctional facilities; Councils on Aging; Shelters serving vulnerable populations; Local education authorities; 24/7 congregate care settings; Higher education institutions; Long term care facilities; Acute Care Hospitals; Meals programs; Pharmacies; Substance use disorder treatment programs; Mental and Behavioral Health treatment programs; Urgent care clinics
Michigan	https://www.michigan.gov/docu ments/coronavirus/COVID- 19 Vaccination Plan for Michig an InterimDraft10162020_70559 8_7.pdf	The Division of Immunization is one of 4 Divisions within the Bureau of Infection Disease Prevention but temporarily reporting to the State Epidemiologist within the Bureau of Epidemiology and Population Health. Each of these Bureaus report to the Chief Deputy for Health/State Chief Medical Executive. The Immunization Division works closely with the Communicable Disease Division	Phase 1 Provider COVID Registration will be tiered across several weeks and broader than those who will be part of Phase 1 Vaccine Distribution. Registration announcements have been sent to Local Health Departments, Hospitals including Michigan's State Hospitals. This will be followed with outreach to Long Term Care Facilities, and then Pharmacies. Remaining Provider COVID Registration (Phase 2 and



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		and partner on outbreak control activities. The Division of Immunization has two sections: The Outreach and Education Section and the Assessment and Local Support Section.	Phase 3) - Following the registration of Phase 1 providers, recruitment for remaining providers will be made via the MDHHS Health Alert Network, through provider associations MDHHS Health Alert Network and through provider associations (example: Michigan State Medical Society, Michigan Pharmacy Association, Long Term Care Facility organizations, others) and to existing registered MCIR providers including VFC providers. Non-traditional vaccine providers and clinic sites will be assessed to determine vaccine administration capacity. This may include COVID-19 testing sites, school-based health centers (some health centers remain open even though the school is doing virtual learning), urgent cares, etc.
Minnesota	Executive Summary Draft released <u>https://www.health.state.mn.us/</u> <u>diseases/coronavirus/vaxplansu</u> <u>mm.pdf</u>	Not detailed.	Minnesota Department of Health website houses a survey that providers can complete to indicate their interest in enrolling in the COVID-19 vaccine program. Data from the survey will be used to prioritize which providers to engage first. Minnesota will use layered



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			mapping techniques to ensure that there is a good geographic match between priority populations and enrolled providers receiving initial doses of vaccine.
Mississippi	http://www.msdh.state.ms.us/m sdhsite/index.cfm/14,11290,71,9 75,pdf/COVID- 19 Vaccination_plan.pdf	MSDH is a centralized public health agency with health department clinics in 81 of the 82 counties. The state is divided into three public health regions each having a Regional Health Officer, a Regional Administrator, a Chief Nurse, and other regional program staff who direct activities in all of the local health departments in the counties within the Regions. MSDH has developed an Incident Command Vaccination Structure for Vaccine Planning and Response to provide the additional levels of support and responsibilities.	MSDH is and will continue to reach out to pharmacies to enroll in the MSDH effort in Phase I. During Phase I, MSDH will focus on closed point-of-dispensing (CPOD) settings that allow for the maximum number of people to be vaccinated while maintaining social distancing and other infection control procedures (e.g., large hospitals and satellite, temporary, or off-site settings). MSDH will adapt to the increase in COVID-19 vaccine supply levels by administering vaccine through public health sites (mobile clinics, Federally Qualified Health Centers [FQHCs], RHCs, public health departments, temporary/off-site clinics).
Missouri	https://health.mo.gov/living/heal thcondiseases/communicable/no vel-coronavirus/pdf/mo-covid- 19-vax-plan.pdf	The Missouri Department of Health and Senior Services (DHSS) charged Bureau of Immunizations Chief Jennifer VanBooven, MPH, MA, to develop a statewide vaccination plan. DHSS established the	Once the details of initial vaccine receipt are known (vaccine type, potential arrival date, number of doses, etc.), the SIT will use the population sequencing tiers in Section 4 and the notification details to determine initial



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		Missouri Interagency COVID-19	delivery sites. For Phase 1,
		Vaccination Planning Team. The	Missouri plans to collaborate
		majority of the efforts have been	with healthcare systems,
		transitioned from initial planning	pharmacies, and community
		to implementation. The State	partners to vaccinate long-term
		Implementation Team (SIT). SIT is	care facility staff and other
		responsible for overseeing and	healthcare workers. During Phase
		implementing the effective	3, the intention is federally
		deployment of Missouri's COVID-	qualified health centers, rural
		19 vaccination plan and providing	health clinics, private providers,
		critical services, such as IT	and pharmacies take on the
		support, vaccine distribution	majority of the vaccination effort
		planning, and sharing of best	for most adults in their areas.
		practices between Regional	
		Implementation Teams (RIT).	
Montana	https://dphhs.mt.gov/Portals/85/	The State of Montana's plan	The Immunization Program is
	Documents/Coronavirus/Montan	recognizes the importance of this	obtaining primary contacts and
	aCOVID-	collaborative response and is	emails for all potential Phase 1
	19VaccinationPlanInterimDRAFT.	establishing two key advisory	COVID19 vaccine providers
	pdf	groups that will guide the	identified as having the ability to
		effective vaccination effort. The	reach Phase 1 critical
		operational hub of this effort will	populations. The Immunization
		be located in DPHHS's	Program will prioritize processing
		Immunization Section in the	Phase 1 enrollments initially and
		Communicable Disease Control	progress to providers in other
		and Prevention Bureau (CDCPB),	phases as the vaccination effort
		which has historically been the	develops.
		operational center of other major	
		immunization and communicable	
		disease responses in the state.	
Nebraska	http://dhhs.ne.gov/Documents/C	NDHHS is headed by a Chief	Phase 1 – Current Vaccine for
	OVID-19-Vaccination-Plan.pdf	Executive Officer (CEO) who is	Children (VFC} partners already
		appointed by and reports to the	connected to NESIIS for ordering



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		Governor. The CEO supervises the Directors of each of the five divisions within NDHHS: Public Health, Children and Family Services, Behavioral Health, Medicaid and Long Term Care, and Developmental Disabilities, as well as Operations and Incident Command. The Incident Commander oversees the Preparedness section, and is acting as the Point of Contact for the Nebraska COVID-19 response.	vaccine and reporting data, and those able to administer vaccine in closed setting specific to Phase 1: Local Health Departments; FQHCs, Community Based Clinics, Tribal Healthcare o Hospitals - closed settings. Phase 2 – NDHHS and local health departments will adjust to an increase in COVID-19 vaccine supply and expand provider networks, increasing to partner with: Pharmacies, doctor's offices, Urgent Care clinics; Public health sites such as mobile clinics, public health clinics, temporary /off-site clinics.
Nevada	https://nvhealthresponse.nv.gov /wp- content/uploads/2020/10/COVID -19-Vaccination-Program- Nevadas-Playbook-for-Statewide- Operations.pdf	Nevada's Chief Medical Officer or designee provides direction for the state's immunization program. NSIP will order, store, distribute, track, administer operations, and provide guidance for the COVID-19 Vaccination Program in Nevada. NSIP will communicate through established chain-of-command with the internal planning and coordination team. Nevada PHP manages all Point of Dispensing (POD) activities in Nevada's rural/frontier counties. Carson	COVID-19 Vaccination Program enrollment will begin with the state's hospitals and other self- prophylactic organizations and progress to community POD organizers, FQHCs, RHCs, individual doctors' offices and so forth. NSIP partnerships with acute care and critical access hospitals will be key to vaccinating Phase 1 populations in rural/frontier counties.



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		City Health and Human Services	
		(CCHHS) manages the Quad	
		Counties POD activities (covering	
		Carson City, Storey, Lyon, and	
		Douglas Counties). Washoe	
		County Health District (WCHD)	
		manages POD activities for	
		Washoe County. Southern	
		Nevada Health District (SNHD)	
		manages POD activities for Clark	
		County. State personnel will	
		closely monitor activities at the	
		local level to ensure the COVID-	
		19 Vaccination Program is	
		implemented statewide in	
		adherence with federal guidance	
		and requirements, and that there	
		is equitable access to COVID-19	
		vaccination across all areas.	
New Hampshire	https://www.dhhs.nh.gov/dphs/c	The organizational structure	A Government/Non-government
	dcs/covid19/documents/covid19-	follows the DPHS' Incident	partnership of distribution will be
	vac-plan-draft.pdf	Management Team (IMT)	implemented. Using the state's
		(Appendix 1), with the Vaccine	two local health departments
		Operations Section coming under	and 13 Regional Public Health
		the Incident Commander	Networks (RPHNs) to disseminate
		(Appendix 2). The Vaccine	vaccines through closed point of
		Operations Section includes six	dispensing (POD) agreements.
		branches. New Hampshire has a	Local health departments and
		centralized public health	RPHNs will conduct open PODs
		structure with disease control	for vulnerable areas of the
		authority resting with the DHHS	population that will have
		Commissioner. There are two	difficulty accessing vaccine
		local health departments in the	through other efforts. Non-



and Nashua. In local public hea capacity, there Public Health N that plan, train to public health	cities, Manchestergovernment response:order to providePartnerships to deliver vaccine toalth responsehospital networks to vaccinateare 13 regionaltheir workforce; Pharmacistsletworks (RPHNs),and/or other primary vaccinationfor, and respondproviders to vaccinate vulnerable
im%20COVID- 19%20Vaccination%20Plan%20- %2010-26-20%20(1).pdfHealth Services Health, and the Office of Popula Office of the Ch Vaccination Tas within the NJDO Services Branch from across sta from the Office are incorporate group structure vaccination pla implementation incorporated for 	s 15 Preparednessee principal th Systems, Public s, and Integrated e cross-cutting ation Health and hief of Staff. The sk Force residesNJDOH has a robust network of federally funded vaccine providers with over 800 VFC providers and 126 317-Funded Adult Vaccine Program providers. Initially in advance of Phase 1, the DOH is recruiting within the following provider types among those currently enrolled as 317- Funded providers: local health departments; acute care hospitals; community health centers; pharmacies.of the Governor ed into the work e for COVID-19 inning and n. AlsoDuring Phase 1, PODS will include acute care hospitals, Local Information Network Communications System (LINCS) agencies, Local Health



State	State Plan	Who is in Charge	Priority Sites of Immunization
			this will expand to static and
			mobile urgent care sites, large
			primary care clinics, and
			physician practices.
New Mexico	https://cv.nmhealth.org/wp-	NMDOH is led by a Governor-	During Phase 1, vaccines will be
	content/uploads/2020/10/10.19.	appointed Cabinet Secretary.	primarily distributed in closed
	20-New-Mexico-Preliminary-	NMDOH is a centralized	"point of dispensing" (POD)
	COVID-vaccine-plan-ID.pdf	statewide public health system	settings. These may include large
		that coordinates the public	"hub" events to administer
		health response to COVID-19 and	hundreds of vaccinations in one
		is responsible for effectively	day, mobile clinics brought to
		executing the strategies outlined	different locations or targeted
		in this Plan. Two divisions of	clinics in specific settings, such as
		NMDOH are leading the COVID-	long-term care facilities. As more
		19 Vaccine planning effort: 1)	vaccine becomes available,
		NMDOH's Public Health Division;	NMDOH intends to rely on more
		and 2) The Epidemiology and	vaccinators, including smaller
		Response Division is leading	public health and other smaller
		surveillance, case investigation,	health centers, medical
		contact tracing, data analytics,	providers, and some pharmacies
		research, and reporting efforts.	that could help conduct closed or
			semi-closed POD events.
New York	https://www.governor.ny.gov/sit	Management of New York's	Phase 1 will consist of a limited
	es/governor.ny.gov/files/atoms/f	vaccination program will require	supply of COVID-19 vaccine doses
	iles/NYS_COVID_Vaccination_Pro	a Vaccine Central Command	available. Vaccines distribution
	gram_Book_10.16.20_FINAL.pdf	Center (VC3) to oversee all	will be tightly controlled and
		aspects of vaccine delivery,	focused on vaccinating identified
		administration, and other	priority population(s) such as
		operational aspects of the	health care workers in workplace
		program. Once New York's	settings such as healthcare
		independent Clinical Advisory	facilities. Phase 2 will consist of a
		Task Force has advised that a	growing number of vaccine doses
		COVID-19 vaccine is safe and	available. Vaccine supply will



State	State Plan	Who is in Charge	Priority Sites of Immunization
		effective, the vaccine will be distributed and administered throughout New York State. To help guide this process, on September 24 the Governor established a Vaccine Distribution and Implementation Task Force to advise the set up and operation of the state's COVID-19 vaccination program.	likely be sufficient to meet demands beyond the initial priority population(s) and will be administered to individuals in broader settings such as doctor's offices, retail pharmacies, public health clinics, etc. Phase 3 will consist of a sufficient and/or excess supply of vaccine doses for the entire population. Vaccines will be administered in all appropriate settings.
North Carolina	https://files.nc.gov/covid/docum ents/NC-COVID-19-Vaccine-Plan- with-Executive-Summary.pdf	The North Carolina DHHS Vaccination Planning Team is responsible for the development of this plan and annexes.	North Carolina will prioritize early outreach, recruitment and enrollment of key providers and agencies who serve populations with high risk of clinical severity and high risk of exposure. The Advisory Committee will help to identify and engage those providers. Enrollment is already underway with local health departments, hospitals and health systems. Relevant stakeholders include hospitals, SNFs, adult care homes, assisted living, group homes, intermediate care facilities, primary and specialty care providers, urgent care clinics, travel clinics, etc. List on page 20.



State	State Plan	Who is in Charge	Priority Sites of Immunization
North Dakota	https://www.health.nd.gov/sites	COVID-19 vaccination planning	Potential providers to recruit for
	/www/files/documents/COVID%	falls under the planning section	vaccination include: Hospitals;
	20Vaccine%20Page/Covid-	of the Unified Command. After	Clinics, including rural health
	19%20Mass%20Vaccination%20P	approved, most aspects of this	clinic and federally qualified
	lan.pdf	plan fall under the Operations	health centers; LPH departments;
		Section, within the Disease	Pharmacies; LTCs; Correctional
		Control Branch in the Mass	facilities; Group Homes;
		Immunization Group. Molly	University health centers;
		Howell, immunization director	Occupational health; Emergency
		for the North Dakota Department	Medical Services; Mass
		of Health (NDDoH), is the lead for	vaccinators; Dialysis Centers;
		the Mass Immunization Group.	Indian Health Services (IHS)
		The state warehouse falls under	and/or tribal health.
		Logistics. The Joint Information	
		System will be responsible for all	
		communications. See Appendix B	
		for the ND Unified Command	
		Organizational Chart.	
Ohio	https://www.scribd.com/docume	Governor DeWine assembled a	Provider types are
	nt/480862525/Ohio-COVID-19-	Pandemic Response and	predetermined per federal
	Vaccination-Draft-Plan-Final-	Recovery Leadership Team led by	guidance. Providers and settings
	DRAFT#from_embed	Adjutant General John C. Harris	will be determined and enrolled
		and Interim Director of the	based on their eligibility and
		Department of Health, Lance	ability to safely and effectively
		Himes who, in turn, report to the	administer the COVID-19 vaccine.
		Governor's Office. Within this	This approach will take provider
		Pandemic Response Leadership	characteristics into account as
		Team, there is a dedicated	they relate to location,
		organizational structure for	throughput, storage and handling
		vaccine readiness activities.	capabilities, and access to
			vulnerable populations.
Oklahoma	https://coronavirus.health.ok.gov	In Oklahoma, the Commissioner	Over 515 pandemic providers
	<pre>/sites/g/files/gmc786/f/state_of_</pre>	of Health reports directly to the	including LHDs, RHCs, FQHCs,



State	State Plan	Who is in Charge	Priority Sites of Immunization
	oklahoma_covid-	Governor and his cabinet	hospitals and others enrolled
	19_vaccination_plan.pdf	secretary. The Commissioner is	with Immunization Service before
		the leader of a centralized public	CDC released its provider
		health agency which covers 75 of	enrollment forms. For phase 1,
		the 77 counties in Oklahoma. The	Oklahoma will be using local
		Commissioner is responsible for	County Health Departments to
		ensuring Oklahoma has a plan for	administer state allocated
		receiving and administering	vaccine to LTC and public health
		COVID-19 vaccine in	staff through closed PODs and
		collaboration with tribal partners,	will work with partners to
		independent/urban public health	coordinate vaccine to tribally ran
		departments, federal entities and	LTC and public health programs.
		private providers across the	Later, Oklahoma will reach out to
		state. In addition, a Core Planning	large hospitals to administer
		Team was established in early	vaccine to their Health Care
		September.	workers providing direct in
			patient care to COVID patients.
Oregon	https://www.oregon.gov/oha/co	The Oregon Immunization	The Oregon Immunization
	vid19/Documents/COVID-19-	Program, the Health Security	Program in the process of
	Vaccination-Plan-Oregon.pdf	Preparedness and Response	developing an online enrollment
		program, and Acute and	system that will capture the data
		Communicable Disease	defined in the CDC COVID-19
		Prevention programs comprise	Provider Agreement forms.
		much of the Vaccine Planning	Providers will enroll with OR
		Unit Functional Organization	ALERT IIS first, then enroll to
		chart. The Oregon Immunization	become a COVID-19 vaccine
		Program (OIP), part of the OHA	provider. Each application will be
		Public Health Division's Center	reviewed and prioritized for
		for Public Health Practice (CPHP),	enrollment according to the
		works to reduce the incidence of	provider's ability to reach target
		vaccine-preventable disease in	populations.
		Oregon. The COVID-19 Response	
		and Recovery Unit (CRRU) is a	



PennsylvaniaPlan not releasedAdditional details not yet released.Additional details not yet released.PennsylvaniaPlan not releasedAdditional details not yet released.Additional details not yet released.Phase 1 is currently under way and focuses on hospitals, Federally Qualified Health contexp. And DOH State Health Centers. Phases 2	State	State Plan	Who is in Charge	Priority Sites of Immunization
and 3 will be expanded to existing Vaccines for Children (VFC) and nonVFC providers and pharmacies throughout the		Plan not released Executive summary: https://www.health.pa.gov/topic s/Documents/Programs/Immuniz ations/Pennsylvania%20COVID- 19%20Vaccination%20Plan%20Ex	temporary division combining the expertise of two state agencies – the health knowledge of the Oregon Health Authority (OHA) and the social service delivery of the Oregon Department of Human Services (ODHS). The Health Security, Preparedness and Response program (HSPR) is working in conjunction with the Vaccine Planning Unit by providing subject matter expertise in the areas of medical countermeasures, preparedness exercises, response, medical surge, and risk communications. Additional details not yet released. Utilizing the public and private partnerships established in the commonwealth will greatly increase the effectiveness	Additional details not yet released. Phase 1 is currently under way and focuses on hospitals, Federally Qualified Health Centers, County and Municipal Health Departments, and DOH State Health Centers. Phases 2 and 3 will be expanded to existing Vaccines for Children (VFC) and nonVFC providers and



State	State Plan	Who is in Charge	Priority Sites of Immunization
Rhode Island	https://www.wpri.com/wp- content/uploads/sites/23/2020/1 0/RI-COVID-19-Vaccination-Plan- Interim-Draft.10.16.2020.pdf	Rhode Island is currently engaged in a whole-of-government response to COVID-19 in the state. Response elements are organized by function, and coordination is largely managed by the Rhode Island Governor's Office, in close partnership with the Rhode Island Department of Health and Rhode Island National Guard.	All licensed healthcare providers authorized to administer vaccine are eligible for enrollment in Rhode Island's State-Supplied Vaccine (SSV) program to access both child and adult routine vaccines, with the exception of shingles vaccine. RIDOH's Immunization Program is currently working to enroll additional providers, particularly those who serve critical population groups (e.g., primary and specialty care providers whose patients are over the age of 65).
South Carolina	https://scdhec.gov/covid19/covi d-19-vaccination	 the State has established a Unified Command Group (UCG) to coordinate and unify response functions (Planning, Operations, Logistics, and Finance). The Unified Command Group will consist of the following: Director, SC Department of Health and Environmental Control (DHEC) Director, SC Emergency Management Division (SCEMD) The Adjutant General The SC State Epidemiologist 	South Carolina is looking at recruiting the following entities to become an enrolled COVID-19 Vaccine Provider: In-patient healthcare facilities; Outpatient healthcare facilities (bases on new guidance); Long Term Care Facilities (LTCFs) to include nursing homes, assisted living, independent living, and skilled nursing facilities; Critical infrastructure employers. Recently, South Carolina surveyed statewide healthcare providers to engage interest in providing COVID-19 vaccines. Of the 387 providers responding to



State	State Plan	Who is in Charge	Priority Sites of Immunization
			the survey, 310 providers (or 80.1%) indicated an interest in participating in the vaccination program. These providers represent: Commercial vaccination service provider; Correction/detention health services; Community Health Centers (non-federally qualified health center, non-rural health clinic); Hospitals; LTCF: Community Residential Care (CRC); LTCF: Nursing Care Facility/Nursing Home (NCF); Medical Practices including family medicine, OB/GYN, pediatrics, and specialty; Pharmacies including chain and independent; Public Health Providers including federally qualified health centers and public health clinics; Occupational Health Centers; Student Health Centers; Urgent Care Centers.
South Dakota	https://doh.sd.gov/documents/C OVID19/SD_COVID- 19VaccinationPlan.pdf	South Dakota has a centralized public health system and the South Dakota Department of Health (SDDOH) serves as the state's public health agency. In June, the SDDOH transitioned from a full Emergency Operations Center, and has adopted a	Systems will provide vaccination throughout Phase 1 and Phase 2. SDDOH created an electronic provider enrollment form and provided training and distribution in October. Avera, Sanford, and Monument Health have received the provider agreement for all



State	State Plan	Who is in Charge	Priority Sites of Immunization
	State Plan	who is in Charge modified incident command structure (ICS) to help manage ongoing efforts during the COVID-19 pandemic.	associated clinics and will complete the provider redistribution agreement prior to vaccine allocation. Each of the system's affiliated clinics will complete the provider profile information. SDDOH community health offices, under DOH management, the SD Pharmacy Association, and the SD Board of Pharmacy will complete provider enrollment forms during Phase 1. In Phase 2, providers with an account in the SD immunization registry will be contacted for enrollment and recruitment of vaccinators. During phase 3 SDDOH will enroll
Tennessee	https://www.tn.gov/content/da m/tn/health/documents/cedep/n ovel-coronavirus/COVID- 19_Vaccination_Plan.pdf	The Tennessee Department of Health is led by Dr. Lisa Piercey, Commissioner of Health, who reports directly to Governor Bill Lee. The TDH Executive Leadership Team consists of the Chief of Staff, the State Chief Medical Officer, Deputy Commissioner for Population Health, and the Deputy Commissioner for Operations.	primary care providers not enrolled in phases 1 and 2. VPDIP's first priority is to enroll hospitals with emergency departments and intensive care units that would see the highest acuity patients. Enrollment will then expand to include all hospitals in the state, so that they may provide vaccine to qualifying staff. Our next priority is to ensure all health departments have completed the



State	State Plan	Who is in Charge	Priority Sites of Immunization
Texas	State Plan https://www.kxan.com/wp-content/uploads/sites/40/2020/1 0/Texas-Vaccine-Plan-10-16-2020-DRAFT-CDC-Submission.pdf	The Texas Department of State Health Services (DSHS) will utilize an internal COVID-19 vaccine planning and coordination team gathered from across the agency, including the Immunization Program. This team will be composed of executive staff, existing immunizations staff,	PA and are ready to receive vaccines, and then we will focus on pharmacies, especially those in rural areas that do not have hospitals or other opportunities to access vaccines outside of the health departments. Once hospitals and pharmacies are onboarded, we will begin focusing on large employers, urgent care clinics, and community providers that will be able to reach additional individuals within these priority populations. Texas will prioritize enrollment activities for vaccination providers and settings who will administer COVID-19 vaccine to vulnerable and frontline populations of focus for Phase 1, and considering those who live in remote, rural areas and who may have difficulty accessing
		other DSHS staff temporarily assigned to immunizations, and temporary/contract employees.	vaccination services. Allocations will be equitable among geography and facility types.
		Please see Appendix 1 for COVID- 19 Organizational Chart.	Simultaneously, Texas will develop operational procedures for any temporary or mobile
			clinics planned for Phase 2. During Phase 2, Texas expects to administer vaccine through:



State	State Plan	Who is in Charge	Priority Sites of Immunization
			Commercial and private sector
			partners (pharmacies, doctors'
			offices, clinics); Public health
			sites (mobile clinics, Federally
			Qualified Health Centers [FQHCs],
			RHCs, public health clinics,
			temporary/off-site clinics);
			Specialized vaccine teams to
			target areas with limited access
			in coordination with local and
			regional leadership.
Utah	Plan not released	Additional details not yet	Additional details not yet
		released.	released.
	Presentation overview		
		Utah has been divided into	Facilities with the capacity to
	https://le.utah.gov/interim/2020	multiple jurisdictions: Local	administer vaccines will be
	<u>/pdf/00004190.pdf</u>	Health Departments; Health	enrolled under each phase/wave
		Systems; Indian Health Facilities;	under their local health districts:
		Statewide Coordination	LTCF, Assisted living facilities,
			skilled nursing facilities;
			Healthcare providers (e.g.,
			Pediatrics, family & internal
			medicine, OB/GYN);
			Local/regional pharmacies (not
			enrolled with federal
			agreements)
Vermont	https://www.healthvermont.gov/	The VDH is a centralized public	Vermont will prioritize
	sites/default/files/documents/pd	health organization that operates	enrollment in the following order
	f/Vermont%20Jurisdictional%20C	as the only governmental public	to reach the critical population
	OVID-	health organization in the State	groups first: Hospitals; Vermont
	19%20Vaccination%20Plan_Interi	of Vermont. The leaders for each	Department of Health;
	m%20Draft.10.21.2020.pdf	of the 12 Local Health Offices	Pharmacies; Long Term Care
		participate in monthly expanded	Facilities; Primary Care Practices;



State	State Plan	Who is in Charge	Priority Sites of Immunization
		team meetings and are actively involved in the work of the currently activated Health Operations Center. In addition, the State Emergency Operations Center coordinates all other state level assistance to be provided during this effort including logistical needs such as transport, security, storage, procurement, personnel to support the work of the Health Department, and are a direct link to the Emergency Management Directors in each city/town. Emergency managers in each town will have input into planning. Also, a COVID-19 Vaccine Implementation Advisory Committee is being formed which will include wide representation from the Crisis Standards of Care Group and those who serve populations at	VNA and Home Health Agencies; Vermont Department of Corrections (if indicated)
Virginia	https://www.vdh.virginia.gov/co ntent/uploads/sites/11/2020/10/ DRAFT-Virginia-COVID-19- Vaccine-Campaign-Plan-Version- 1.1.pdf	greatest risk for COVID-19. The Virginia Department of Health consists of 33 local health districts, with each health district supporting one or more local jurisdictions. These local health districts report to the State Health Commissioner through the Deputy Commissioner for Community Health Services.	Types of provider groups that will be targeted include, but are not limited to: Large hospitals and health systems; Commercial partners* (e.g., pharmacies); Long Term Care Facilities; Correctional Facilities; Mobile vaccination providers; Occupational health settings for



State	State Plan	Who is in Charge	Priority Sites of Immunization
		Additionally, there are two health districts (Fairfax and Arlington) that are locally funded and operated, and not part of VDH. Virginia's local health districts work closely with the localities that they support and include local health departments for those jurisdictions. For preparedness and response purposes, the VDH has further organized the 35 health districts into five regions. Each region has a regional team consisting of an Emergency Coordinator, an Epidemiologist, and a Public Information Officer	large employers; Community Health Centers (including Federally Qualified Health Centers and Rural Health Centers); Free-Standing Emergency Departments and Walk-in Clinics; Doctor's Offices; College and University Student Health Clinics; Specialty clinics, including dialysis centers; Emergency Medical Services (EMS) Medical Directors; In- home care providers
Washington	https://www.doh.wa.gov/Portals /1/Documents/1600/coronavirus /WA-COVID-19-Vaccination- Plan.pdf	The Washington State Department of Health has established an internal COVID-19 Vaccine Planning and Coordination Team within the state's COVID-19 response structure, which is guided by the State Health Officer, Secretary of Health, and Deputy Secretary for COVID-19 Response. This team is under the direction of the Deputy Secretary for COVID-19 Response, and includes representatives from across the agency	The provider types and settings that will administer first available COVID-19 vaccine will be high- throughput locations where those groups recommended for vaccination can receive the vaccine. This is anticipated to be large health care facilities and/or mass vaccination points of dispensing (PODs) and reach health care workers, first responders, essential workers, and adult residential care facilities for the first available vaccine doses. Using the allocation framework in Section



State	State Plan	Who is in Charge	Priority Sites of Immunization
			4, the department is engaging providers through surveys, workgroups, and meetings, including consultation or collaboration with the Washington State Hospital Association (WSHA), health care coalitions, health care worker and employee labor unions, the Washington State Pharmacy Association, the Washington State Medical Association (WSMA), long-term care facilities, Washington State Vaccine Science Advisory Workgroup, the Vaccine Advisory Committee, tribal nations and organizations, and local governments.
West Virginia	https://dhhr.wv.gov/COVID- 19/Documents/vaccineplan.pdf	e. The West Virginia Department of Health and Human Resources (WVDHHR) has developed the West Virginia COVID-19 Vaccination Program plan. In accordance with the WV Public Health All Hazards Threat Response Plan, an incident command system, known as WVDHHR Health Command, has been established for mobilization of the WVDHHR's COVID-19 response. In addition, several working groups have been established to support the	Current recruitment efforts are focused on engaging vaccination providers that will be administering the COVID-19 Vaccine during Phase 1. These are the agencies that are best positioned to vaccinate the healthcare and critical workforce rapidly and efficiently and will include: Health systems/Hospitals; Local Health Departments; Long-term care facilities; Free clinics; Federally Qualified Health Centers; Pharmacies.



State	State Plan	Who is in Charge	Priority Sites of Immunization
		planning of robust COVID-19	
		Vaccination Program.	If a specific need or location is
			identified to support the direct
			immunization of a specific critical
			population additional sites may
			be recruited from the list:
			Pharmacies; Outpatient facilities;
			Occupational Health Clinics;
			Long-term care facilities; School
			based health clinics; Private
			provider offices; Congregate
			settings; Colleges and
			Universities
Wisconsin	https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/	DHS is within the Executive	Health care providers,
	publications/p02813a.pdf	Branch of the Governor's Office,	pharmacies, correctional
		and has nine Divisions and	facilities/vendors, homeless
		Offices. The DHS COVID-19	shelters, community-based
		response is embedded within a	organizations, Medicaid
		state-wide response structure.	recipients. Pharmacists are
		The response is governed by a	anticipated to be significant
		Policy Group with	players particularly in phase 3.
		representatives from DHS,	
		Department of Administration, Wisconsin Emergency	
		Management, Wisconsin	
		National Guard, and the	
		Governor's Office.	
Wyoming	https://health.wyo.gov/wp-	The WDH has four operating	Most pharmacies associated or
	content/uploads/2020/10/Interi	divisions: Aging, Behavioral	connected to national chains will
	m-Draft-WDH-COVID-19-	Health, Health Care Financing,	receive COVID-19 vaccine
	Vaccination-Plan10-16-20.pdf	and Public Health. The Public	allocations directly from CDC
		Health Division (PHD) has	when vaccine doses increase. CVS
		primary responsibility for	and Walgreens have also been



State	State Plan	Who is in Charge	Priority Sites of Immunization
		coordinating development of the	contracted through the CDC to
		Wyoming COVID-19 Vaccination	provide vaccinations to residents
		Plan. The Immunization Unit	of long-term care and assisted
		(Unit), located within the PHD, is	living facilities. Chain pharmacies
		responsible for routine	and independent pharmacies
		distribution of all publicly-	could also be identified as early
		purchased vaccines in Wyoming	vaccine providers by PHNOs and
		to providers enrolled in the	CHDs. National chain pharmacies
		Public Vaccine Programs. In	will likely receive shipments
		addition, an internal COVID-19	directly from nationally
		Vaccination Team has been	contracted vaccine depots or
		assembled to develop the WDH	distributors in Phase 2. As
		COVID-19 Vaccination Plan.	vaccine doses increase,
			pharmacies will be valuable in
			assisting with vaccination of the
			general public. During Phase 3
			vaccines will be available to all
			people who are recommended to
			be vaccinated. Vaccine will be
			available to all enrolled COVID-19
			vaccination providers and
			ordering will be based on
			provider capacity and need.