

State COVID-19 Vaccination Plans

Last Updated – November 9, 2020

State	State Plan	Who is in Charge	Priority Sites of Immunization
Alabama	https://www.alabamapublichealt	ADPH is the primary state health	There are four primary provider
	h.gov/covid19/assets/adph-	agency for the state of Alabama.	types that will be utilized to
	covid19-vaccination-plan.pdf	Alabama law designates the State	reach critical population groups:
		Board of Health, as an advisory	Local Health Departments;
		board to the state in all medical	Hospitals/Health Care
		matters, matters of sanitation,	Organizations; Long Term Care
		and public health. ADPH consists	Facilities that serve our most
		of 6 districts, which includes 65	vulnerable citizens; and
		out of 67 county health	Pharmacies.
		departments. Jefferson and	
		Mobile Counties are semi-	
		autonomous, but still are under	
		the authority of SHO. The SHO	
		designated the BCDD to lead the	
		COVID-19 Vaccination Plan.	
Alaska	http://dhss.alaska.gov/dph/Epi/i	Within the State of Alaska, the	The provider types and settings
	d/SiteAssets/Pages/HumanCoV/A	responsibility for COVID-19	that will administer the first
	laskaCOVID-	vaccination planning falls	available COVID-19 vaccine doses
	19VaccinationDraftPlan.pdf	primarily to DHSS as the lead	to the critical population groups
		entity. The Division of Public	will be determined based on the
		Health within DHSS is further	ACIP recommendations.
		tasked with standing up a task	
		force and creating an	
		organizational structure to direct	
		these efforts. The Alaska COVID-	
		19 Vaccination Program Task	
		Force was assembled to plan and	
		coordinate our jurisdiction's	
		COVID-19 vaccination effort. The	
		Alaska COVID-19 Vaccination	



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		Program Task Force is jointly led	
		by a State of Alaska Nurse	
		Consultant and an ANTHC Nurse	
		Immunization Coordinator and	
		two deputy co-leads.	
Arizona	https://www.azdhs.gov/docume	ADHS partners closely with 15	Decisions regarding provider
	nts/preparedness/epidemiology-	county health departments and	types and settings will be made
	disease-control/infectious-	21 federally recognized tribes,	once the priority groups are
	disease-epidemiology/novel-	which are responsible for	defined by ACIP and further
	coronavirus/draft-covid19-	administering local immunization	prioritized by Vaccine and
	vaccine-plan.pdf	programs in their respective	Antiviral Prioritization Advisory
		jurisdictions. ADHS has	Committee and ADHS leadership.
		developed an organizational	Additionally, the extreme
		structure based on the Public	shipping and storage
		Health Incident Management	requirements for the first
		System (PHIMS). The purpose of	anticipated vaccine (Scenario A)
		the PHIMS structure is to	will drive decision making when
		establish reporting relationships	determining provider types and
		for public health emergency	settings.
		management and address	
		staffing needs for the	
		Department's Health Emergency	
		Operations Center (HEOC).	
Arkansas	https://www.scribd.com/docume	The ADH is a unified or	The ADH will be responsible for
	nt/480388110/Arkansas-Interim-	centralized health department.	the allocation of COVID-19
	Draft-COVID-19-Vaccination-Plan	the ADH has formed an agency	vaccines to approved providers.
		internal working group called the	The ADH will establish an internal
		Pandemic Vaccination Planning	workgroup to review provider
		Group (PVPG) as well as a formal	profiles and match to Arkansas
		group of internal and external	Vaccine Medical Advisory
		stakeholders specific to the	Committee recommendations,
		pandemic called the COVID-19	subject to review and approval
		Prevention Workgroup. Each	by the Secretary of Health.



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California	State Plan https://www.cdph.ca.gov/Progra ms/CID/DCDC/CDPH%20Docume nt%20Library/COVID-19/COVID- 19-Vaccination-Plan-California- Interim-Draft_V1.0.pdf	Who is in Chargegroup meets weekly to discussthe latest issues related tovaccine planning and rolloutneeds.Each of California's 58 countiesand 3 cities have Public HealthDepartments. CaliforniaDepartment of Public Health isleading much of the state'sCOVID-19 responses activities.California Governor's COVID-19Vaccine Task Force and also amulti-agency COVID-19 VaccineTask Force Working Group. Thisteam is responsible for planningand coordinating COVID-19response activities, with CHHSinput. An organizational chart isincluded in the plan.	During Phase 1, settings may include public health, occupational health settings, temporary/off site vaccination clinics, mobile clinics reaching critical populations, and closed POD clinics, commercial pharmacies partners reaching people at higher risk of severe COVID-19 illness such as long- term care facilities, and hospital clinics. During Phase 2 and beyond, settings may include: Commercial and private sector partners (pharmacies, doctors' offices, clinics); Public health sites (mobile clinics, Federally Qualified Health Centers, RHCs, public health clinics,
			temporary/off-site clinics); Traditional and non-traditional immunization partners, such as:
			Large settings such as hospitals open PODs, Colleges and
			universities, Occupational health settings, Correctional facilities
Colorado	https://drive.google.com/file/d/1 bxacXFm3ZsdXVG9RQavew1ck5 W7D52bt/view	A multiagency Colorado Joint COVID Vaccine Planning Team was created. The Colorado Joint	For Phase 1: Vaccination providers/settings may include: large hospitals and health



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State	State Plan	COVID-19 Vaccination Planning Team includes representation from more than 20 agencies across the state, and is divided into 5 Lines of Effort (Immunization and Distribution/Data Management; Critical Populations, Consequence Management, Health Equity, Public Information and Messaging) with oversight from a Steering Committee.	systems, occupational health settings for large employers, critical access hospitals, rural health centers, community health centers, and LPHAs. For Phase 2 and 3, vaccination providers/settings may include: doctors' offices and other outpatient healthcare facilities, pharmacies, LPHAs, occupational health settings, organizations serving those at higher risk for severe illness from COVID-19, congregate settings (including correctional facilities), homeless shelters, colleges/universities, senior centers, FQHCs, RHCs and
Connecticut	https://bloximages.newyork1.vip. townnews.com/wfsb.com/conte nt/tncms/assets/v3/editorial/f/3 5/f35204f4-0fdd-11eb-be6c- 77f67546d59f/5f89e776dec45.pd f.pdf	The Connecticut DPH is the lead agency in the COVID-19 response for the state of Connecticut. To plan for and manage the mass vaccination initiative, the DPH OPHPR has established a working group consisting of representatives of the DPH Commissioner's Office, Legal, Epidemiology, Public Information, Preparedness, Hospital Preparedness, Healthcare Acquired Infections, Healthcare Facility Licensing, and Emergency Medical Services	school-based health centers. Providers that will likely play a role in Phase 1 are being prioritized for enrollment in the CoVP include hospitals, local health departments and districts, pharmacies and clinics that can achieve high throughput. To further expand vaccination capacity for adults who will be vaccinated in both Phases 1 and 2, additional Connecticut providers are also being targeted for recruitment, including: hospitals, pharmacies, private medical practices (urgent care,



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		(EMS). The State Emergency Operations Center (SEOC) may be opened to engage and coordinate with other state agencies.	family medicine, other specialties), LTCF, occupational health clinics, LHDDs, VNAs, corrections, military clinics, FQHCs, school based health centers, tribal nations, dialysis centers, colleges/universities, homeless shelters, group homes, hospice.
Delaware	https://coronavirus.delaware.gov /wp- content/uploads/sites/177/2020/ 11/COVID-19-Vaccination- Playbook-DE-V7-102620- 102920 webready.pdf	DPH serves as the public health entity for both state and local activities. The Office of the Medical Director (OMD) is taking lead, with the Immunizations Program and Emergency Medical Services and Preparedness Section (EMSPS) supporting the required processes and reporting up to OMD through the structure.	To recruit interested providers, an online survey link was sent through the Medical Society of Delaware newsletter, Delaware Health Alert Network (DHAN), the email addresses of long-term care (LTC) contacts, and kidney/dialysis centers in Delaware. The survey responses are used to determine interest and capacity to administer COVID-19 vaccine to patients and staff. DPH has established Closed POD agreements with hospitals, health care systems and 1st responder agencies
Florida	http://ww11.doh.state.fl.us/com m/ partners/covid19 report arc hive/vaccination- plan/vaccination plan latest.pdf	A modified Incident Command Structure has been established for the Department's COVID-19 vaccination initiative that includes representatives and subject matter experts from the immunizations program, public health preparedness,	Targeted outreach to hospitals has begun. Other providers will also be permitted to complete their COVID-19 enrollment; however, initial emphasis will be placed on hospitals. Long-term care facilities, pharmacies and EMS providers will also be



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		epidemiology, public health	prioritized as they are also target
		nursing, emergency medical	groups in Phase 1. Once
		services (EMS), emergency	additional federal guidance is
		management, hospital and long-	received, further prioritization
		term care associations, public	decisions will be made. For Phase
		information officers and legal	2, some vaccine administration
		counsel. The Department is a	methods from Phase 1 will be
		fully integrated health	continued and new
		department with a centralized	administration sites will be added
		public health system. The	to include: state managed
		Department has taken several	vaccination sites, established
		steps to ensure coordination	vaccines for children and/or
		between these various	vaccines for adult providers,
		authorities.	hospital open PODs such as
			urgent care centers, public mass
			vaccination clinics.
Georgia	https://dph.georgia.gov/docume	DPH has established a COVID-19	DPH defined Tier 1 criteria.
	nt/document/covid-19-	Vaccine Core Planning and	Vaccine administration will occur
	vaccination-plan-	Coordination Team. This team	through closed POD sites,
	<u>georgia/download</u>	will be responsible for the annual	including, but not limited to,
		review of state plans, updating	public health clinics, hospitals,
		plans during an active response,	long term care facilities (LTCs),
		and distributing updated plans to	emergency medical services
		partners and stakeholders. Public	(EMS), etc. Phase 2 providers
		Health Districts have developed	may include healthcare settings
		plans to utilize Points of	(physician offices, clinics, etc.),
		Distribution for Medical	retail pharmacies, public health
		Countermeasures and	community clinics, mobile clinics,
		Administration and Medical	FQHCs, and other community
		Material Management and	settings.
		Distribution. Public Health	
		districts are to utilize Points of	
		Distribution (PODs) as Mass	



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		Vaccination Clinics (MVCs) for the	
		SARS-CoV2 (COVID-19) mass	
		vaccination campaigns.	
Hawaii	Initial draft plan	The Hawaii Department of Health	Not detailed.
		(HDOH), as the lead state health	
	https://hawaiicovid19.com/wp-	agency and lead state agency for	
	content/uploads/2020/10/Hawaii	State Emergency Support	
	-COVID-19-Vaccination-Plan-	Function 8 (SESF #8) Public	
	Draft_Executive-	Health and Medical Services,	
	Summary_101620.pdf	formed a Core Planning Team	
		with representatives from local,	
		state, and federal levels as well	
		as private sector partners under	
		the leadership of the Disease	
		Outbreak Control Division	
		(DOCD) Immunization Branch	
		(IMB) to develop the state's	
		COVID-19 Vaccination Plan.	
Idaho	https://coronavirus.idaho.gov/w	The two organizations	Phase 1 – Public Health Districts;
	<u>p-</u>	leading the vaccination planning	Hospitals/Critical Care;
	content/uploads/2020/10/Idaho	and implementation are the	FQHC/CHC; Pharmacies; Tribal
	COVID-19-Interim-Vaccination-	Idaho Department of Health and	Health; Occupational Health;
	Plan-V2-10-19-2020.pdf	Welfare (DHW) and the Idaho	Large Healthcare Systems
		Office of Emergency (IOEM). The	
		public health governance	Phase 2 – Pharmacies;
		structure in Idaho is both	Correctional Facilities; Urgent
		centralized and decentralized.	Care Clinics; Internal Medicine;
		Much of the legal authority in	Family Medicine
		public health matters is held at	
		the state level in DHW. There are,	Phase 3 – Pediatric Providers;
		however, several authorities and	Interested Vaccinators
		responsibilities that are	



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		delegated to local public health districts.	
Illinois	http://www.dph.illinois.gov/sites /default/files/COVID19/10.16.20 %20Mass%20Vaccination%20Pla nning.pdf	The Guide is a product of the COVID-19 Mass Vaccination Planning Work Group. The COVID19 Mass Vaccination Planning Work Group is composed of representatives of the various state stakeholder agencies with roles in public health emergency responses and those that serve organizations and individuals in the priority groups targeted for COVID-19 vaccine administration. See page 25 for a list of state and local agencies and organizations involved on the COVID-19 Mass Vaccination Planning Work Group.	Public health departments should coordinate with their health care coalition, emergency management, and other response partners to develop a list of entities serving the priority groups, determine their capabilities to serve as sites for vaccine administration, i.e. closed PODs, or develop plans for the local health department to service these groups at a general POD designed for these groups.
Indiana	https://www.coronavirus.in.gov/f iles/Indiana%20COVID- 19%20Vaccination%20Plan_%20I nterim%20Draft.pdf	To implement an effective, equitable, and representative COVID-19 vaccine strategy, IDOH has leveraged existing partnerships within the agency, state and local governments, healthcare, minority groups, private industry, and higher education. These partners are represented within the internal and external implementation committees. The State of Indiana, in conjunction with multiple	Indiana has a robust pool of vaccinators including primary care physicians, pharmacists, and local health departments. Currently, 743 providers are enrolled in the Indiana Vaccines for Children (VFC) Program who are actively vaccinating and recording vaccination administration data in CHIRP. This includes private providers, local health, pharmacies, and healthcare/hospital locations.



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lowa	State Plan https://idph.iowa.gov/Portals/1/ userfiles/61/covid19/vaccine/V1 2%201owa%20COVID- 19%20Vaccination%20Strategy% 20Draft%20with%20Appendices %2010 16 20.pdf	agencies, has created Homeland Security and Public Health Preparedness Districts. The district organization and planning concept is comprised of multiple jurisdictions, disciplines, and agencies. The Iowa Department of Public Health (IDPH) is the lead state department in developing the strategy for COVID-19 vaccination distribution. IDPH is composed of the Director's Office plus five divisions, four boards, and the Office of the State Medical Examiner. IDPH has convened an internal COVID-19 Vaccine Planning team.	Priority Sites of Immunization The IDOH will work with providers who have a history of vaccinating a large percentage of vulnerable populations to ensure that these providers to continue to provide services and build upon existing relationships. For Phase 1, local public health agencies will be responsible for the allocation of COVID-19 vaccine to local healthcare providers and other organizations such as pharmacies. Local public health agencies are preparing for the following types of vaccination clinics in Phase 2: Appointment clinics; Direct collaboration with pharmacies; Community clinics; Corrections (jails, prisons or other transitional correctional facilities); Drive through settings as used annually for influenza vaccine; Home visits; Mass clinics; Private/Closed clinics by
			employers
Kansas	https://www.coronavirus.kdheks. gov/DocumentCenter/View/1533 /DRAFT-COVID-19-Vaccination- Plan-for-Kansas-Version11- 10162020	The Kansas Department of Health and Environment (KDHE) has an internal COVID-19 Vaccine Planning Committee that consists of multiple stakeholders from within and outside the Agency. In Kansas, the public health system	During Phase 1, COVID-19 vaccine provider recruitment and enrollment efforts will be targeted at hospitals and local health departments across the state, including those that are in rural areas. Enrollment of



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		is decentralized and KDHE serves	hospitals and local health
		all 105 counties of the state. The	departments will be prioritized
		local health departments report	based on those that can provide
		to their local Board of Health,	a significant number of
		which is typically the local Board	vaccinations to the target
		of County Commissions. There	populations that have been
		must be collaboration,	identified. During Phase 2,
		cooperation, and coordination of	enrollment of traditional and
		both KDHE and the local health	non-traditional partners will be
		departments in the development	the focus. Safety net providers
		and implementation of the	(i.e., Federally Qualified Health
		COVID-19 Vaccine Plan for	Centers, Rural Health Clinics,
		Kansas. As such, local health	etc.), pharmacies, long term
		departments are represented on	facilities, and other local
		the internal COVID-19 vaccine	healthcare providers will be
		planning committee.	targeted. Enrollment will be
			prioritized based on those that
			can provide a significant number
			of vaccinations to the target
			populations identified for this
			phase. During Phase 3, all other
			healthcare providers that would
			like to enroll and can meet the
			requirements will be added as
			requested. Enrollment of these
			providers will occur on a first
			come first served basis.
Kentucky	https://chfs.ky.gov/agencies/dph	Kentucky's vaccination planning	The vaccine will be distributed
	/covid19/InitialDraftKentuckyVac	is a combined state and local	and administered via multiple
	cinationPlan.pdf	responsibility that requires close	pathways such as hospitals,
		collaboration between KDPH,	medical offices, clinics, local
		Local Health Departments (LHDs)	health departments, pharmacies,
		external agencies, and	and other locations. KDPH



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		community partners. Kentucky public health has a "shared governance" health structure within which both KDPH and LHDs will play a key role ensuring a successful COVID-19 vaccination campaign. KDPH also stood up a COVID-19 Vaccination Planning Team.	currently anticipates that independent and community pharmacies will be a major partner in providing vaccine to those targeted underserved areas.
Louisiana	https://ldh.la.gov/assets/oph/Ce nter-PHCH/Center- PH/immunizations/Louisiana_CO VID- 19_Vaccination_Playbook_V1_10 _16_20.pdf	The Louisiana Department of Health (LDH) Office of Public Health (OPH) Pandemic Influenza and Severe Respiratory Pathogen Plan was finalized on March 1, 2020. Details of the organizational structure are in that overarching plan. LDH OPH is the lead agency for pandemic influenza and severe respiratory pathogen response within Louisiana. The State Health Officer (SHO) holds the ultimate health authority in Louisiana to declare and cease a Public Health Emergency. The SHO will also control any subsequent actions, restrictions, re-openings, or guidance based on additional guidance from the CDC at the time of the event.	During Phase 1, first available COVID-19 vaccine will be prioritized for distribution to large provider settings with high numbers of Tier 1a personnel, and provider recruitment and enrollment activities will primarily focus on vaccination providers currently practicing at healthcare facilities, such as hospitals, and congregate care setting facilities, such as nursing homes. If the initial supply of vaccine is inadequate to cover all hospitals, it is proposed that the vaccine be distributed to various hospitals based on their COVID- 19 hospital census.



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Maine	https://www.maine.gov/dhhs/m ecdc/infectious- disease/immunization/document s/covid-19-vaccination-plan- maine-interim-draft.pdf	The Maine Center for Disease Control and Prevention (Maine CDC) serves as the State's public health agency. Its work on a COVID-19 vaccine plan and implementation is being supported by the Maine Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS) and other key Departments such as Education and Corrections. Governor Mills and her leadership team will make key policy and operational decisions.	Maine anticipates enrolling all 37 Maine hospitals as COVID-19 Vaccine Provider sites as a priority for Phase 1. Long-term care facilities will also be prioritized for Phase 1 vaccination efforts. Pharmacy sites will be used as a mechanism to reach long-term care facilities unable to meet the COVID-19 enrollment requirements during Phase 1 and the general public for subsequent phases. Vaccination settings in Phase 1 will likely include closed PODs in the healthcare settings for highest priority healthcare workers, closed PODs and/or strike teams at long term care facilities and closed PODs/ strike teams for highest priority critical infrastructure. Occupational health settings for large employers and FQHCs are planned for Phase 2. Urgent Care Clinics are also planned for
Maryland	https://phpa.health.maryland.go v/Documents/10.19.2020_Maryl and_COVID- 19_Vaccination_Plan_CDCwm.pd f	The MDH Center for Immunization (CFI) will lead the operational aspects of the plan implementation and the MDH Office of Preparedness and Response (OP&R) will assume	enrollment. MDH is currently recruiting and enrolling healthcare providers (HCPs), local health departments (LHDs), employee occupational health and pharmacists in Maryland's Vaccine Program



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		planning and coordination and logistical responsibilities, with other MDH programs and agencies, including MEMA, MIEMSS, MSP and others, taking on roles and responsibilities as the operational needs evolve.	Immunization Information System (ImmuNet) to ensure that there will be sufficient vaccinators throughout the state. Providers in rural areas, hospital settings, occupational health for essential employees, and those who provide care for seniors will be heavily recruited in order to serve those respective populations.
Massachusetts	https://www.mass.gov/doc/mass achusetts-interim-draft- plan/download	Massachusetts has a decentralized public health system, with each of its 351 cities and towns having its own governing body and health board with authority to provide public health services to its residents. The Bureau of Infectious Disease and Laboratory Sciences (BIDLS) Immunization Division is the lead for COVID-19 vaccination planning, distribution, and implementation efforts hereinafter referred to as Massachusetts COVID-19 Vaccination Program (MCVP). A COVID-19 Vaccine Advisory Group has also been established comprised of medical professionals, public health experts, elected officials,	The first available doses will be made available to hospitals, long- term care (LTC), Community Health Centers (CHC), and adult primary care provider sites. MDPH is developing engagement strategies with key partners in support of the vaccination strategy for critical populations. Key partners include, but are not limited to: Community-based organizations; Community health centers; Correctional facilities; Councils on Aging; Shelters serving vulnerable populations; Local education authorities; 24/7 congregate care settings; Higher education institutions; Long term care facilities; Acute Care Hospitals; Meals programs; Pharmacies; Substance use disorder treatment programs;



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		community leaders and	Mental and Behavioral Health
		infectious disease specialists.	treatment programs; Urgent care clinics
Michigan	https://www.michigan.gov/docu ments/coronavirus/COVID- <u>19 Vaccination_Plan_for_Michig</u> an_InterimDraft10162020_70559 <u>8_7.pdf</u>	The Division of Immunization is one of 4 Divisions within the Bureau of Infection Disease Prevention but temporarily reporting to the State Epidemiologist within the Bureau of Epidemiology and Population Health. Each of these Bureaus report to the Chief Deputy for Health/State Chief Medical	Phase 1 Provider COVID Registration will be tiered across several weeks and broader than those who will be part of Phase 1 Vaccine Distribution. Registration announcements have been sent to Local Health Departments, Hospitals including Michigan's State Hospitals. This will be followed with outreach to Long
		Executive. The Immunization Division works closely with the Communicable Disease Division and partner on outbreak control activities. The Division of Immunization has two sections: The Outreach and Education Section and the Assessment and Local Support Section.	Term Care Facilities, and then Pharmacies. Remaining Provider COVID Registration (Phase 2 and Phase 3) - Following the registration of Phase 1 providers, recruitment for remaining providers will be made via the MDHHS Health Alert Network, through provider associations MDHHS Health Alert Network and through provider
			associations (example: Michigan State Medical Society, Michigan Pharmacy Association, Long Term Care Facility organizations, others) and to existing registered MCIR providers including VFC providers. Non-traditional vaccine providers and clinic sites will be assessed to determine



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			vaccine administration capacity. This may include COVID-19 testing sites, school-based health centers (some health centers remain open even though the school is doing virtual learning), urgent cares, etc.
Minnesota	Executive Summary Draft released <u>https://www.health.state.mn.us/diseases/coronavirus/vaxplansumm.pdf</u>	Not detailed.	Minnesota Department of Health website houses a survey that providers can complete to indicate their interest in enrolling in the COVID-19 vaccine program. Data from the survey will be used to prioritize which providers to engage first. Minnesota will use layered mapping techniques to ensure that there is a good geographic match between priority populations and enrolled providers receiving initial doses of vaccine.
Mississippi	http://www.msdh.state.ms.us/m sdhsite/index.cfm/14,11290,71,9 75,pdf/COVID- 19 Vaccination_plan.pdf	MSDH is a centralized public health agency with health department clinics in 81 of the 82 counties. The state is divided into three public health regions each having a Regional Health Officer, a Regional Administrator, a Chief Nurse, and other regional program staff who direct activities in all of the local health departments in the counties	MSDH is and will continue to reach out to pharmacies to enroll in the MSDH effort in Phase I. During Phase I, MSDH will focus on closed point-of-dispensing (CPOD) settings that allow for the maximum number of people to be vaccinated while maintaining social distancing and other infection control procedures (e.g., large hospitals and satellite,



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		within the Regions. MSDH has developed an Incident Command Vaccination Structure for Vaccine Planning and Response to provide the additional levels of support and responsibilities.	temporary, or off-site settings). MSDH will adapt to the increase in COVID-19 vaccine supply levels by administering vaccine through public health sites (mobile clinics, Federally Qualified Health Centers [FQHCs], RHCs, public health departments, temporary/off-site clinics).
Missouri	https://health.mo.gov/living/heal thcondiseases/communicable/no vel-coronavirus/pdf/mo-covid- 19-vax-plan.pdf	The Missouri Department of Health and Senior Services (DHSS) charged Bureau of Immunizations Chief Jennifer VanBooven, MPH, MA, to develop a statewide vaccination plan. DHSS established the Missouri Interagency COVID-19 Vaccination Planning Team. The majority of the efforts have been transitioned from initial planning to implementation. The State Implementation Team (SIT). SIT is responsible for overseeing and implementing the effective deployment of Missouri's COVID- 19 vaccination plan and providing critical services, such as IT support, vaccine distribution planning, and sharing of best practices between Regional Implementation Teams (RIT).	Once the details of initial vaccine receipt are known (vaccine type, potential arrival date, number of doses, etc.), the SIT will use the population sequencing tiers in Section 4 and the notification details to determine initial delivery sites. For Phase 1, Missouri plans to collaborate with healthcare systems, pharmacies, and community partners to vaccinate long-term care facility staff and other healthcare workers. During Phase 3, the intention is federally qualified health centers, rural health clinics, private providers, and pharmacies take on the majority of the vaccination effort for most adults in their areas.
Montana	https://dphhs.mt.gov/Portals/85/ Documents/Coronavirus/Montan	The State of Montana's plan recognizes the importance of this	The Immunization Program is obtaining primary contacts and



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	aCOVID-	collaborative response and is	emails for all potential Phase 1
	19VaccinationPlanInterimDRAFT.	establishing two key advisory	COVID19 vaccine providers
	pdf	groups that will guide the	identified as having the ability to
		effective vaccination effort. The	reach Phase 1 critical
		operational hub of this effort will	populations. The Immunization
		be located in DPHHS's	Program will prioritize processing
		Immunization Section in the	Phase 1 enrollments initially and
		Communicable Disease Control	progress to providers in other
		and Prevention Bureau (CDCPB),	phases as the vaccination effort
		which has historically been the	develops.
		operational center of other major	
		immunization and communicable	
		disease responses in the state.	
Nebraska	http://dhhs.ne.gov/Documents/C	NDHHS is headed by a Chief	Phase 1 – Current Vaccine for
	OVID-19-Vaccination-Plan.pdf	Executive Officer (CEO) who is	Children (VFC) partners already
		appointed by and reports to the	connected to NESIIS for ordering
		Governor. The CEO supervises	vaccine and reporting data, and
		the Directors of each of the five	those able to administer vaccine
		divisions within NDHHS: Public	in closed setting specific to Phase
		Health, Children and Family	1: Local Health Departments;
		Services, Behavioral Health,	FQHCs, Community Based Clinics,
		Medicaid and Long Term Care,	Tribal Healthcare o Hospitals -
		and Developmental Disabilities,	closed settings.
		as well as Operations and	
		Incident Command. The Incident	Phase 2 – NDHHS and local
		Commander oversees the	health departments will adjust to
		Preparedness section, and is	an increase in COVID-19 vaccine
		acting as the Point of Contact for	supply and expand provider
		the Nebraska COVID-19	networks, increasing to partner
		response.	with: Pharmacies, doctor's
			offices, Urgent Care clinics; Public
			health sites such as mobile



State	State Plan	Who is in Charge	Priority Sites of Immunization
			clinics, public health clinics,
			temporary /off-site clinics.
Nevada	https://nvhealthresponse.nv.gov	Nevada's Chief Medical Officer or	COVID-19 Vaccination Program
	<u>/wp-</u>	designee provides direction for	enrollment will begin with the
	content/uploads/2020/10/COVID	the state's immunization	state's hospitals and other self-
	-19-Vaccination-Program-	program. NSIP will order, store,	prophylactic organizations and
	Nevadas-Playbook-for-Statewide-	distribute, track, administer	progress to community POD
	Operations.pdf	operations, and provide guidance	organizers, FQHCs, RHCs,
		for the COVID-19 Vaccination	individual doctors' offices and so
		Program in Nevada. NSIP will	forth. NSIP partnerships with
		communicate through	acute care and critical access
		established chain-of-command	hospitals will be key to
		with the internal planning and	vaccinating Phase 1 populations
		coordination team. Nevada PHP	in rural/frontier counties.
		manages all Point of Dispensing	
		(POD) activities in Nevada's	
		rural/frontier counties. Carson	
		City Health and Human Services	
		(CCHHS) manages the Quad	
		Counties POD activities (covering	
		Carson City, Storey, Lyon, and	
		Douglas Counties). Washoe	
		County Health District (WCHD)	
		manages POD activities for	
		Washoe County. Southern	
		Nevada Health District (SNHD)	
		manages POD activities for Clark	
		County. State personnel will	
		closely monitor activities at the	
		local level to ensure the COVID-	
		19 Vaccination Program is	
		implemented statewide in	
		adherence with federal guidance	



State	State Plan	Who is in Charge	Priority Sites of Immunization
		and requirements, and that there	
		is equitable access to COVID-19	
		vaccination across all areas.	
New Hampshire	https://www.dhhs.nh.gov/dphs/c	The organizational structure	A Government/Non-government
	dcs/covid19/documents/covid19-	follows the DPHS' Incident	partnership of distribution will be
	vac-plan-draft.pdf	Management Team (IMT)	implemented. Using the state's
		(Appendix 1), with the Vaccine	two local health departments
		Operations Section coming under	and 13 Regional Public Health
		the Incident Commander	Networks (RPHNs) to disseminate
		(Appendix 2). The Vaccine	vaccines through closed point of
		Operations Section includes six	dispensing (POD) agreements.
		branches. New Hampshire has a	Local health departments and
		centralized public health	RPHNs will conduct open PODs
		structure with disease control	for vulnerable areas of the
		authority resting with the DHHS	population that will have
		Commissioner. There are two	difficulty accessing vaccine
		local health departments in the	through other efforts. Non-
		state's largest cities, Manchester	government response:
		and Nashua. In order to provide	Partnerships to deliver vaccine to
		local public health response	hospital networks to vaccinate
		capacity, there are 13 regional	their workforce; Pharmacists
		Public Health Networks (RPHNs),	and/or other primary vaccination
		that plan, train for, and respond	providers to vaccinate vulnerable
		to public health emergencies	populations; Medical Homes
		based on CDC's 15 Preparedness	
		Capabilities.	
New Jersey	https://www.state.nj.us/health/c	NJDOH has three principal	NJDOH has a robust network of
	d/topics/New%20Jersey%20Inter	branches: Health Systems, Public	federally funded vaccine
	im%20COVID-	Health Services, and Integrated	providers with over 800 VFC
	19%20Vaccination%20Plan%20-	Health, and the cross-cutting	providers and 126 317-Funded
	<u>%2010-26-20%20(1).pdf</u>	Office of Population Health and	Adult Vaccine Program providers.
		Office of the Chief of Staff. The	Initially in advance of Phase 1,
		Vaccination Task Force resides	the DOH is recruiting within the



State	State Plan	Who is in Charge	Priority Sites of Immunization
		within the NJDOH Public Health	following provider types among
		Services Branch. Representation	those currently enrolled as 317-
		from across state agencies and	Funded providers: local health
		from the Office of the Governor	departments; acute care
		are incorporated into the work	hospitals; community health
		group structure for COVID-19	centers; pharmacies.
		vaccination planning and	
		implementation. Also	During Phase 1, PODS will include
		incorporated formally or	acute care hospitals, Local
		consultatively are statewide,	Information Network
		regional, county, and local	Communications System (LINCS)
		strategic and tactical partners.	agencies, Local Health
		Advisory entities are also	Departments (LHDs), retail
		engaged in planning and will be	pharmacies, Federally Qualified
		pivotal to implementation.	Health Centers (FQHCs), and
			other safe, familiar, and
			convenient locations. At scale,
			this will expand to static and
			mobile urgent care sites, large
			primary care clinics, and
			physician practices.
New Mexico	https://cv.nmhealth.org/wp-	NMDOH is led by a Governor-	During Phase 1, vaccines will be
	content/uploads/2020/10/10.19.	appointed Cabinet Secretary.	primarily distributed in closed
	20-New-Mexico-Preliminary-	NMDOH is a centralized	"point of dispensing" (POD)
	COVID-vaccine-plan-ID.pdf	statewide public health system	settings. These may include large
		that coordinates the public	"hub" events to administer
		health response to COVID-19 and	hundreds of vaccinations in one
		is responsible for effectively	day, mobile clinics brought to
		executing the strategies outlined	different locations or targeted
		in this Plan. Two divisions of	clinics in specific settings, such as
		NMDOH are leading the COVID-	long-term care facilities. As more
		19 Vaccine planning effort: 1)	vaccine becomes available,
		NMDOH's Public Health Division;	NMDOH intends to rely on more



State	State Plan	Who is in Charge	Priority Sites of Immunization
		and 2) The Epidemiology and Response Division is leading surveillance, case investigation, contact tracing, data analytics, research, and reporting efforts.	vaccinators, including smaller public health and other smaller health centers, medical providers, and some pharmacies that could help conduct closed or
New York	https://www.governor.ny.gov/sit es/governor.ny.gov/files/atoms/f iles/NYS_COVID_Vaccination_Pro gram_Book_10.16.20_FINAL.pdf	Management of New York's vaccination program will require a Vaccine Central Command Center (VC3) to oversee all aspects of vaccine delivery, administration, and other	semi-closed POD events. Phase 1 will consist of a limited supply of COVID-19 vaccine doses available. Vaccines distribution will be tightly controlled and focused on vaccinating identified priority population(s) such as
		operational aspects of the program. Once New York's independent Clinical Advisory Task Force has advised that a COVID-19 vaccine is safe and	health care workers in workplace settings such as healthcare facilities. Phase 2 will consist of a growing number of vaccine doses available. Vaccine supply will
		effective, the vaccine will be distributed and administered throughout New York State. To help guide this process, on September 24 the Governor established a Vaccine	likely be sufficient to meet demands beyond the initial priority population(s) and will be administered to individuals in broader settings such as doctor's offices, retail pharmacies, public
		Distribution and Implementation Task Force to advise the set up and operation of the state's COVID-19 vaccination program.	health clinics, etc. Phase 3 will consist of a sufficient and/or excess supply of vaccine doses for the entire population. Vaccines will be administered in
North Carolina	https://files.nc.gov/covid/docum ents/NC-COVID-19-Vaccine-Plan- with-Executive-Summary.pdf	The North Carolina DHHS Vaccination Planning Team is responsible for the development of this plan and annexes.	all appropriate settings. North Carolina will prioritize early outreach, recruitment and enrollment of key providers and agencies who serve populations



State State Plan	Who is in Charge	Priority Sites of Immunization
State State Plan North Dakota https://www.health.nd.go /www/files/documents/Cl 20Vaccine%20Page/Covid 19%20Mass%20Vaccinatic lan.pdf	 COVID-19 vaccination planning falls under the planning section of the Unified Command. After approved, most aspects of this plan fall under the Operations Section, within the Disease Control Branch in the Mass Immunization Group. Molly Howell, immunization director for the North Dakota Department of Health (NDDoH), is the lead for the Mass Immunization Group. 	Priority Sites of Immunization with high risk of clinical severity and high risk of exposure. The Advisory Committee will help to identify and engage those providers. Enrollment is already underway with local health departments, hospitals and health systems. Relevant stakeholders include hospitals, SNFs, adult care homes, assisted living, group homes, intermediate care facilities, primary and specialty care providers, urgent care clinics, travel clinics, etc. List on page 20. Potential providers to recruit for vaccination include: Hospitals; Clinics, including rural health clinic and federally qualified health centers; LPH departments; Pharmacies; LTCs; Correctional facilities; Group Homes; University health centers; Occupational health; Emergency Medical Services; Mass vaccinators; Dialysis Centers; Indian Health Services (IHS) and/or tribal health.



State	State Plan	Who is in Charge	Priority Sites of Immunization
Ohio	https://www.scribd.com/docume	Governor DeWine assembled a	Provider types are
	nt/480862525/Ohio-COVID-19-	Pandemic Response and	predetermined per federal
	Vaccination-Draft-Plan-Final-	Recovery Leadership Team led by	guidance. Providers and settings
	DRAFT#from_embed	Adjutant General John C. Harris	will be determined and enrolled
		and Interim Director of the	based on their eligibility and
		Department of Health, Lance	ability to safely and effectively
		Himes who, in turn, report to the	administer the COVID-19 vaccine.
		Governor's Office. Within this	This approach will take provider
		Pandemic Response Leadership	characteristics into account as
		Team, there is a dedicated	they relate to location,
		organizational structure for	throughput, storage and handling
		vaccine readiness activities.	capabilities, and access to
			vulnerable populations.
Oklahoma	https://coronavirus.health.ok.gov	In Oklahoma, the Commissioner	Over 515 pandemic providers
	<pre>/sites/g/files/gmc786/f/state_of_</pre>	of Health reports directly to the	including LHDs, RHCs, FQHCs,
	oklahoma_covid-	Governor and his cabinet	hospitals and others enrolled
	<u>19_vaccination_plan.pdf</u>	secretary. The Commissioner is	with Immunization Service before
		the leader of a centralized public	CDC released its provider
		health agency which covers 75 of	enrollment forms. For phase 1,
		the 77 counties in Oklahoma. The	Oklahoma will be using local
		Commissioner is responsible for	County Health Departments to
		ensuring Oklahoma has a plan for	administer state allocated
		receiving and administering	vaccine to LTC and public health
		COVID-19 vaccine in	staff through closed PODs and
		collaboration with tribal partners,	will work with partners to
		independent/urban public health	coordinate vaccine to tribally ran
		departments, federal entities and	LTC and public health programs.
		private providers across the	Later, Oklahoma will reach out to
		state. In addition, a Core Planning	large hospitals to administer
		Team was established in early	vaccine to their Health Care
		September.	workers providing direct in
			patient care to COVID patients.



State	State Plan	Who is in Charge	Priority Sites of Immunization
Oregon	https://www.oregon.gov/oha/co	The Oregon Immunization	The Oregon Immunization
	vid19/Documents/COVID-19-	Program, the Health Security	Program in the process of
	Vaccination-Plan-Oregon.pdf	Preparedness and Response	developing an online enrollment
		program, and Acute and	system that will capture the data
		Communicable Disease	defined in the CDC COVID-19
		Prevention programs comprise	Provider Agreement forms.
		much of the Vaccine Planning	Providers will enroll with OR
		Unit Functional Organization	ALERT IIS first, then enroll to
		chart. The Oregon Immunization	become a COVID-19 vaccine
		Program (OIP), part of the OHA	provider. Each application will be
		Public Health Division's Center	reviewed and prioritized for
		for Public Health Practice (CPHP),	enrollment according to the
		works to reduce the incidence of	provider's ability to reach target
		vaccine-preventable disease in	populations.
		Oregon. The COVID-19 Response	
		and Recovery Unit (CRRU) is a	
		temporary division combining the	
		expertise of two state agencies –	
		the health knowledge of the	
		Oregon Health Authority (OHA)	
		and the social service delivery of	
		the Oregon Department of	
		Human Services (ODHS). The	
		Health Security, Preparedness	
		and Response program (HSPR) is	
		working in conjunction with the	
		Vaccine Planning Unit by	
		providing subject matter	
		expertise in the areas of medical	
		countermeasures, preparedness	
		exercises, response, medical	
		surge, and risk communications.	



State	State Plan	Who is in Charge	Priority Sites of Immunization
Pennsylvania	Plan not released Executive summary:	Additional details not yet released.	Additional details not yet released.
	https://www.health.pa.gov/topic s/Documents/Programs/Immuniz ations/Pennsylvania%20COVID- 19%20Vaccination%20Plan%20Ex ecutive%20Summary.pdf	Utilizing the public and private partnerships established in the commonwealth will greatly increase the effectiveness of vaccine distribution.	Phase 1 is currently under way and focuses on hospitals, Federally Qualified Health Centers, County and Municipal Health Departments, and DOH State Health Centers. Phases 2 and 3 will be expanded to existing Vaccines for Children (VFC) and nonVFC providers and pharmacies throughout the commonwealth.
Rhode Island	https://www.wpri.com/wp- content/uploads/sites/23/2020/1 0/RI-COVID-19-Vaccination-Plan- Interim-Draft.10.16.2020.pdf	Rhode Island is currently engaged in a whole-of-government response to COVID-19 in the state. Response elements are organized by function, and coordination is largely managed by the Rhode Island Governor's Office, in close partnership with the Rhode Island Department of Health and Rhode Island National Guard.	All licensed healthcare providers authorized to administer vaccine are eligible for enrollment in Rhode Island's State-Supplied Vaccine (SSV) program to access both child and adult routine vaccines, with the exception of shingles vaccine. RIDOH's Immunization Program is currently working to enroll additional providers, particularly those who serve critical population groups (e.g., primary and specialty care providers whose patients are over the age of 65).
South Carolina	https://scdhec.gov/covid19/covi d-19-vaccination	South Carolina has established a Unified Command Group (UCG)	South Carolina is looking at recruiting the following entities
		to coordinate and unify response	to become an enrolled COVID-19



State	State Plan	Who is in Charge	Priority Sites of Immunization
State	State Plan	 Who is in Charge functions (Planning, Operations, Logistics, and Finance). The Unified Command Group will consist of the following: Director, SC Department of Health and Environmental Control (DHEC) Director, SC Emergency Management Division (SCEMD) The Adjutant General The SC State Epidemiologist 	Priority Sites of Immunization Vaccine Provider: In-patient healthcare facilities; Outpatient healthcare facilities (bases on new guidance); Long Term Care Facilities (LTCFs) to include nursing homes, assisted living, independent living, and skilled nursing facilities; Critical infrastructure employers. Recently, South Carolina surveyed statewide healthcare providers to engage interest in providing COVID-19 vaccines. Of the 387 providers responding to the survey, 310 providers (or 80.1%) indicated an interest in participating in the vaccination program. These providers represent: Commercial vaccination service provider; Correction/detention health services; Community Health Centers (non-federally qualified health center, non-rural health clinic); Hospitals; LTCF: Community Residential Care
			participating in the vaccination program. These providers represent: Commercial vaccination service provider; Correction/detention health services; Community Health Centers (non-federally qualified



State	State Plan	Who is in Charge	Priority Sites of Immunization
			Providers including federally qualified health centers and public health clinics; Occupational Health Centers; Student Health Centers; Urgent Care Centers.
South Dakota	https://doh.sd.gov/documents/C OVID19/SD_COVID- 19VaccinationPlan.pdf	South Dakota has a centralized public health system and the South Dakota Department of Health (SDDOH) serves as the state's public health agency. In June, the SDDOH transitioned from a full Emergency Operations Center, and has adopted a modified incident command structure (ICS) to help manage ongoing efforts during the COVID-19 pandemic.	Systems will provide vaccination throughout Phase 1 and Phase 2. SDDOH created an electronic provider enrollment form and provided training and distribution in October. Avera, Sanford, and Monument Health have received the provider agreement for all associated clinics and will complete the provider redistribution agreement prior to vaccine allocation. Each of the system's affiliated clinics will complete the provider profile information. SDDOH community health offices, under DOH management, the SD Pharmacy Association, and the SD Board of Pharmacy will complete provider enrollment forms during Phase 1. In Phase 2, providers with an account in the SD immunization registry will be contacted for enrollment and recruitment of vaccinators.



State	State Plan	Who is in Charge	Priority Sites of Immunization
			During phase 3 SDDOH will enroll primary care providers not
Tennessee	https://www.tn.gov/content/da m/tn/health/documents/cedep/n ovel-coronavirus/COVID- 19 Vaccination_Plan.pdf	The Tennessee Department of Health is led by Dr. Lisa Piercey, Commissioner of Health, who reports directly to Governor Bill Lee. The TDH Executive Leadership Team consists of the Chief of Staff, the State Chief Medical Officer, Deputy Commissioner for Population Health, and the Deputy Commissioner for Operations.	enrolled in phases 1 and 2. VPDIP's first priority is to enroll hospitals with emergency departments and intensive care units that would see the highest acuity patients. Enrollment will then expand to include all hospitals in the state, so that they may provide vaccine to qualifying staff. Our next priority is to ensure all health departments have completed the PA and are ready to receive vaccines, and then we will focus on pharmacies, especially those in rural areas that do not have hospitals or other opportunities to access vaccines outside of the health departments. Once hospitals and pharmacies are onboarded, we will begin focusing on large employers, urgent care clinics, and community providers that will be able to reach additional
			individuals within these priority populations.
Texas	https://www.kxan.com/wp- content/uploads/sites/40/2020/1 0/Texas-Vaccine-Plan-10-16- 2020-DRAFT-CDC-Submission.pdf	The Texas Department of State Health Services (DSHS) will utilize an internal COVID-19 vaccine planning and coordination team	Texas will prioritize enrollment activities for vaccination providers and settings who will administer COVID-19 vaccine to



State	State Plan	Who is in Charge	Priority Sites of Immunization
		gathered from across the agency,	vulnerable and frontline
		including the Immunization	populations of focus for Phase 1,
		Program. This team will be	and considering those who live in
		composed of executive staff,	remote, rural areas and who may
		existing immunizations staff,	have difficulty accessing
		other DSHS staff temporarily	vaccination services. Allocations
		assigned to immunizations, and	will be equitable among
		temporary/contract employees.	geography and facility types.
		Please see Appendix 1 for COVID-	Simultaneously, Texas will
		19 Organizational Chart.	develop operational procedures
			for any temporary or mobile
			clinics planned for Phase 2.
			During Phase 2, Texas expects to
			administer vaccine through:
			Commercial and private sector
			partners (pharmacies, doctors'
			offices, clinics); Public health
			sites (mobile clinics, Federally
			Qualified Health Centers [FQHCs],
			RHCs, public health clinics,
			temporary/off-site clinics);
			Specialized vaccine teams to
			target areas with limited access
			in coordination with local and
			regional leadership.
Utah	Plan not released	Additional details not yet	Additional details not yet
		released.	released.
	Presentation overview		
		Utah has been divided into	Facilities with the capacity to
	https://le.utah.gov/interim/2020	multiple jurisdictions: Local	administer vaccines will be
	<u>/pdf/00004190.pdf</u>	Health Departments; Health	enrolled under each phase/wave
		Systems; Indian Health Facilities;	under their local health districts:
		Statewide Coordination	LTCF, Assisted living facilities,



State	State Plan	Who is in Charge	Priority Sites of Immunization
			skilled nursing facilities; Healthcare providers (e.g., Pediatrics, family & internal medicine, OB/GYN); Local/regional pharmacies (not enrolled with federal agreements)
Vermont	https://www.healthvermont.gov/ sites/default/files/documents/pd f/Vermont%20Jurisdictional%20C OVID- 19%20Vaccination%20Plan_Interi m%20Draft.10.21.2020.pdf	The VDH is a centralized public health organization that operates as the only governmental public health organization in the State of Vermont. The leaders for each of the 12 Local Health Offices participate in monthly expanded team meetings and are actively involved in the work of the currently activated Health Operations Center. In addition, the State Emergency Operations Center coordinates all other state level assistance to be provided during this effort including logistical needs such as transport, security, storage, procurement, personnel to support the work of the Health Department, and are a direct link to the Emergency Management Directors in each city/town. Emergency managers in each town will have input into planning. Also, a COVID-19 Vaccine Implementation Advisory Committee is being formed	Vermont will prioritize enrollment in the following order to reach the critical population groups first: Hospitals; Vermont Department of Health; Pharmacies; Long Term Care Facilities; Primary Care Practices; VNA and Home Health Agencies; Vermont Department of Corrections (if indicated)



State	State Plan	Who is in Charge	Priority Sites of Immunization
		which will include wide	
		representation from the Crisis	
		Standards of Care Group and	
		those who serve populations at	
		greatest risk for COVID-19.	
Virginia	https://www.vdh.virginia.gov/co	The Virginia Department of	Types of provider groups that will
	ntent/uploads/sites/11/2020/10/	Health consists of 33 local health	be targeted include, but are not
	DRAFT-Virginia-COVID-19-	districts, with each health district	limited to: Large hospitals and
	Vaccine-Campaign-Plan-Version-	supporting one or more local	health systems; Commercial
	<u>1.1.pdf</u>	jurisdictions. These local health	partners* (e.g., pharmacies);
		districts report to the State	Long Term Care Facilities;
		Health Commissioner through	Correctional Facilities; Mobile
		the Deputy Commissioner for	vaccination providers;
		Community Health Services.	Occupational health settings for
		Additionally, there are two health	large employers; Community
		districts (Fairfax and Arlington)	Health Centers (including
		that are locally funded and	Federally Qualified Health
		operated, and not part of VDH.	Centers and Rural Health
		Virginia's local health districts	Centers); Free-Standing
		work closely with the localities	Emergency Departments and
		that they support and include	Walk-in Clinics; Doctor's Offices;
		local health departments for	College and University Student
		those jurisdictions. For	Health Clinics; Specialty clinics,
		preparedness and response	including dialysis centers;
		purposes, the VDH has further	Emergency Medical Services
		organized the 35 health districts	(EMS) Medical Directors; In-
		into five regions. Each region has	home care providers
		a regional team consisting of an	
		Emergency Coordinator, an	
		Epidemiologist, and a Public	
		Information Officer.	
Washington	https://www.doh.wa.gov/Portals	The Washington State	The provider types and settings
	/1/Documents/1600/coronavirus	Department of Health has	that will administer first available



State	State Plan	Who is in Charge	Priority Sites of Immunization
	/WA-COVID-19-Vaccination-	established an internal COVID-19	COVID-19 vaccine will be high-
	<u>Plan.pdf</u>	Vaccine Planning and	throughput locations where
		Coordination Team within the	those groups recommended for
		state's COVID-19 response	vaccination can receive the
		structure, which is guided by the	vaccine. This is anticipated to be
		State Health Officer, Secretary of	large health care facilities and/or
		Health, and Deputy Secretary for	mass vaccination points of
		COVID-19 Response. This team is	dispensing (PODs) and reach
		under the direction of the Deputy	health care workers, first
		Secretary for COVID-19	responders, essential workers,
		Response, and includes	and adult residential care
		representatives from across the	facilities for the first available
		agency.	vaccine doses. Using the
			allocation framework in Section
			4, the department is engaging
			providers through surveys,
			workgroups, and meetings,
			including consultation or
			collaboration with the
			Washington State Hospital
			Association (WSHA), health care
			coalitions, health care worker
			and employee labor unions, the
			Washington State Pharmacy
			Association, the Washington
			State Medical Association
			(WSMA), long-term care facilities,
			Washington State Vaccine
			Science Advisory Workgroup, the
			Vaccine Advisory Committee,
			tribal nations and organizations,
			and local governments.



State	State Plan	Who is in Charge	Priority Sites of Immunization
West Virginia	https://dhhr.wv.gov/COVID-	The West Virginia Department of	Current recruitment efforts are
	19/Documents/vaccineplan.pdf	Health and Human Resources	focused on engaging vaccination
		(WVDHHR) has developed the	providers that will be
		West Virginia COVID-19	administering the COVID-19
		Vaccination Program plan. In	Vaccine during Phase 1. These
		accordance with the WV Public	are the agencies that are best
		Health All Hazards Threat	positioned to vaccinate the
		Response Plan, an incident	healthcare and critical workforce
		command system, known as	rapidly and efficiently and will
		WVDHHR Health Command, has	include: Health
		been established for mobilization	systems/Hospitals; Local Health
		of the WVDHHR's COVID-19	Departments; Long-term care
		response. In addition, several	facilities; Free clinics; Federally
		working groups have been	Qualified Health Centers;
		established to support the	Pharmacies.
		planning of robust COVID-19	
		Vaccination Program.	If a specific need or location is
			identified to support the direct
			immunization of a specific critical
			population additional sites may
			be recruited from the list:
			Pharmacies; Outpatient facilities;
			Occupational Health Clinics;
			Long-term care facilities; School
			based health clinics; Private
			provider offices; Congregate
			settings; Colleges and
			Universities
Wisconsin	https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/	DHS is within the Executive	Health care providers,
	publications/p02813a.pdf	Branch of the Governor's Office,	pharmacies, correctional
		and has nine Divisions and	facilities/vendors, homeless
		Offices. The DHS COVID-19	shelters, community-based
		response is embedded within a	organizations, Medicaid



State	State Plan	Who is in Charge	Priority Sites of Immunization
		state-wide response structure. The response is governed by a Policy Group with representatives from DHS, Department of Administration, Wisconsin Emergency Management, Wisconsin National Guard, and the Governor's Office.	recipients. Pharmacists are anticipated to be significant players particularly in phase 3.
Wyoming	https://health.wyo.gov/wp- content/uploads/2020/10/Interi m-Draft-WDH-COVID-19- Vaccination-Plan10-16-20.pdf	The WDH has four operating divisions: Aging, Behavioral Health, Health Care Financing, and Public Health. The Public Health Division (PHD) has primary responsibility for coordinating development of the Wyoming COVID-19 Vaccination Plan. The Immunization Unit (Unit), located within the PHD, is responsible for routine distribution of all publicly- purchased vaccines in Wyoming to providers enrolled in the Public Vaccine Programs. In addition, an internal COVID-19 Vaccination Team has been assembled to develop the WDH COVID-19 Vaccination Plan.	Most pharmacies associated or connected to national chains will receive COVID-19 vaccine allocations directly from CDC when vaccine doses increase. CVS and Walgreens have also been contracted through the CDC to provide vaccinations to residents of long-term care and assisted living facilities. Chain pharmacies and independent pharmacies could also be identified as early vaccine providers by PHNOs and CHDs. National chain pharmacies will likely receive shipments directly from nationally contracted vaccine depots or distributors in Phase 2. As vaccine doses increase, pharmacies will be valuable in assisting with vaccination of the general public. During Phase 3 vaccines will be available to all people who are recommended to



State	State Plan	Who is in Charge	Priority Sites of Immunization
			be vaccinated. Vaccine will be
			available to all enrolled COVID-19
			vaccination providers and
			ordering will be based on
			provider capacity and need.